Veritas NetBackup™ Network Ports Reference Guide

Release 8.0

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Veritas NetBackup™ Network Ports Reference Guide

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Contents

Chapter 1

About the NetBackup network ports

This chapter includes the following topics:

TCP ports used by NetBackup

NetBackup primarily uses the TCP protocol to communicate between processes. The processes can run on the same host or on different hosts. This distributed client-server architecture requires that the destination TCP ports specific to the NetBackup processes be open through any firewalls within the networking infrastructure.

Firewalls may also be configured to filter connections based on the source port. NetBackup typically uses non-reserved source ports for outbound connections.

The sections that follow describe the TCP ports used by NetBackup in the default configuration. The network layers on the hosts and the networking devices between the hosts must be configured to allow these connections. NetBackup requires the proper connections to be configured or it cannot operate.

Compatibility with back-level hosts

NetBackup 7.0.1 and later versions use a minimum set of TCP ports, primarily `VERITAS_PBX` (1556).

NetBackup version 7.0 primarily uses the `VERITAS_PBX` (1556) and `VNETD` (13724) ports.

When connecting to legacy daemons on remote hosts, NetBackup 7.0.1 and newer servers first attempt to connect to `VERITAS_PBX`. If unsuccessful, the connection is retried to `VNETD`. If still unsuccessful, the connection is retried to the daemon or service-specific port.

If connections are being made to an unexpected destination port, it is likely that the **Connect Options** for the target host are not using the default setting. It is also possible that a problem in networking, operating systems, or applications is preventing consistent connections to the default ports. To fix the problem, check the following:

- When checking **Connect Options**, review the **Client Attributes** configuration (`bpclient`) on the master server, the destination-specific firewall configuration on the connecting host, and the global **Default Connect Options**.
- Use the operating system commands (`netstat`, `pfiles`, `lsof`, `process monitor`) to make sure that the expected processes are running and listening for connections.
- Use the `bptestbpcd` and `bptestnetconn` commands to check connectivity to NetBackup hosts of any version.
  The `bptestbpcd` command resides only on NetBackup servers. The `bptestnetconn` command resides on both NetBackup servers and clients.

Chapter 2

NetBackup Ports

This chapter includes the following topics:

NetBackup default ports

NetBackup primarily uses the ports as destination ports when connecting to the various services.

See Table 2-1 on page 8.

Veritas has registered these ports with Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA) and they are not to be used by any other applications.

A few features and services of NetBackup require additional ports to be open. Those requirements are detailed in later sections.

By default, NetBackup uses ports from the non-reserved range for the source port. Those ports are selected randomly from the range provided by the operating system.

Note: Configuring the **Connect Options** and other settings may change how source and destination ports are selected. These settings and other non-default configurations, are not discussed here. For details, see the NetBackup Administration Guides, volume 1 and volume 2.

The following table lists the ports required by NetBackup to connect to various services.

Table 2-1 NetBackup ports

Service	Port	Description
VERITAS_PBX	1556	Veritas Private Branch Exchange Service
VNETD	13724	NetBackup Network service
VRTS-AT-PORT	2821	VxSS Authentication Service (`vxatd`) *
VRTS-AUTH-PORT	4032	VxSS Authorization Service (`vxazd`) *

* These services and associated ports are only needed for NetBackup 7.0.1. These processes were replaced in NetBackup 7.1 by `nbatd` and `nbazd`, which listen on ports 13783 and 13722, respectively. The new processes are also registered with and reachable through `VERITAS_PBX`. If the NetBackup 7.0 hosts are configured to use 13783 and 13722 to reach `nbatd` and `nbazd`, you need to open the following ports: 1556, 13783, 13722.

NetBackup master server ports

The master server must be able to communicate with the media servers, EMM server, VxSS server, clients, as well as servers where the Java or the Windows Administration Console is running. The following table lists the minimum ports required by the master server:

Table 2-2 NetBackup master server ports

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Master server	EMM server[1]	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Master server	Media server	VERITAS_PBX	1556

Table 2-2 NetBackup master server ports *(continued)*

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Master server	Media server	VNETD	13724 [2]
Master server	Client	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Master server	Client	VNETD	13724 [3]
Master server	NetBackup Administration Console	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Master server	Java server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Master server	Netware	VNETD	13724
Master server	Netware	BPCD	13782
Master server	VxSS	VRTS-AT-PORT	2821
Master server	VxSS	VRTS-AUTH-PORT	4032

1 - Starting with NetBackup 7.6, the master server must be the EMM server.

2 - Required only for the media servers that are older than the 7.0.1 version.

3 - Required only for the clients that are older than the 7.0.1 version.

NetBackup media server ports

The media server must be able to communicate with the master server, the EMM server, and the clients. The following table lists the ports required by the media server:

Table 2-3 NetBackup media server ports

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Media server	Master server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Media server	Master server	VNETD	13724 *
Media server	EMM server***	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Media server	Media server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Media server	Media server	VNETD	13724 *

Table 2-3 NetBackup media server ports *(continued)*

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Media server	Client	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Media server	Client	VNETD	13724 * *
Media server	PureDisk server	Storage Pool Authority (SPA)	443
Media server	PureDisk server	Content Router (spoold)	10082
Media server	VxSS server	VRTS-AT-PORT	2821
Media server	MSDP server	Deduplication 10102 Manager (spad)	10102
Media server	MSDP server	Deduplication Engine (spoold)	10082
Media server	VxSS server	VRTS-AUTH-PORT	4032
Media server	Netware client	VNETD	13724
Media server	Netware client	BPCD	13782

* Only needed for pre- 7.0.1 media servers.

** Only needed for pre- 7.0.1 clients or 7.5+ resilient clients.

*** Starting with NetBackup 7.6 the master server must be the EMM server.

NetBackup client ports

The client requires access to the master server to initiate user and client-initiated operations such as application backups for Oracle and SQL Server.

The client must also be able to connect to the media servers in the following circumstances:

- If non-default connect options are configured for the client.
- When using the client-side de-duplication, the client must also be able to communicate with the following:
  - MSDP media servers
    All servers in a PureDisk Storage Pool, including the Storage Pool Authority (SPA), and Content Routers (CR).

The following table lists the ports required by the client:

Table 2-4 NetBackup client ports

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Client	Master server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Client	Master server	VNETD	13724 *
Client	Media server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Client	Media server	VNETD	13724 * *
Client	MSDP server	Deduplication Manager (`spad`)	10102
Client	MSDP server	Deduplication Engine (`spoold`)	10082
Client	PureDisk server	Storage Pool Authority (SPA)	443
Client	PureDisk server	Content Router (spoold)	10082
Client	VxSS server	VRTS-AT-PORT	2821

* Only needed for pre- 7.0.1 clients.

** Only needed for pre- 7.0.1 clients or 7.5+ resilient clients.

Windows Administration Console ports

To use the Windows Administration console, which is a native Windows application, you must first add the DNS name of the workstation or server to the list of "trusted" servers in the master server. The following table describes the ports required by the Windows Administration Console:

Table 2-5 Windows Administration Console ports

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Windows Administration Console	Master server	VERITAS_PBX	1556

Table 2-5 Windows Administration Console ports *(continued)*

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Windows Administration Console	Master server	VNETD	13724
Windows Administration Console	EMM server*	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Windows Administration Console	Media server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Windows Administration Console	Media server	VNETD	13724
Windows Administration Console	VxSS server	VRTS-AT-PORT	2821

* Starting with NetBackup 7.6 the master server must be the EMM server.

Java server ports

The Java server is the process running on the master server when you connect using the Java Administration Console. The Java server must be able to communicate with all of the core NetBackup components. The following table lists the ports required for the Java server:

Table 2-6 Java Server ports

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Java server	Master server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Java server	Master server	VNETD	13724
Java server	EMM server*	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Java server	Media server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Java server	Media server	VNETD	13724
Java server	VxSS server	VRTS-AT-PORT	2821

* Starting with NetBackup 7.6 the master server must be the EMM server.

Java Console ports

Many users prefer to use the Java Console instead of the Windows Administration Console. The Java Console uses the Java Server for further communication; it requires only the following ports:

Table 2-7 Java Console ports

Source	Destination	Service	Port
Java Console	Master server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Java Console	Master server	VNETD	13724
Java Console	Java Server	VERITAS_PBX	1556
Java Console	Java Server	VNETD	13724

NDMP server ports

The port requirements to backup and restore an NDMP server are as follows:

- TCP port 10000 must be open from the media server (DMA) to the NDMP filer (tape or disk) for all types of NDMP operations; local, remote, and 3-way.
- The NetBackup SERVER_PORT_WINDOW must be open inbound from the filer to the media server for remote NDMP. It must also be open for efficient catalog file (TIR data) movement during local or 3-way NDMP.

DataDomain OpenStorage ports

The following ports must be open to use a DataDomain OST storage server.

- The TCP ports for 2049 (`nfs`), 111 (`portmapper`), and 2052 (`mountd`) must be open from the media server to the target storage server.
- The UDP port 111 (`portmapper`) must be open from the media server to the target storage server.
- The TCP port 2051 (`replication`) must also be open from the media server to the storage server for optimized duplication.

NetBackup Granular Restore Technology (GRT) ports

The following ports must be open to use the GRT feature of NetBackup.

- TCP port 111 (`portmapper`) needs to be open from the client to the media server.
- TCP port 7394 (`nbfsd`) needs to be open from the client to the media server.

Network and Port address translation

NetBackup does not currently support the use of Network Address Translation (NAT) or the Port Address Translation (PAT).

For additional details see, the technote TECH15006.

Chapter 3

Other Network Ports

This chapter includes the following topics:

NetBackup deduplication ports

The following table shows the ports that are used for NetBackup deduplication that includes Media Server Deduplication (MSDP), PureDisk Deduplication Option (PDDO), and optimized deduplication. If firewalls exist between the various deduplication hosts, you must open the required ports.

Deduplication hosts are the media servers, deduplication storage servers, any load balancing servers, and any clients that deduplicate their own data.

Note: It is not necessary to open these ports if using a simple MSDP configuration where each client passes the backup image directly to only one media server for deduplication. Some examples are, using only MSDP and not PDDO or not using client deduplication, server load balancing, or optimized duplication. In this configuration, there is only normal communication between the media servers and clients using the default ports.

Table 3-1 NetBackup deduplication port usage

Port	Usage
10082	This is the NetBackup Deduplication Engine (`spoold`) port that is used by both MSDP and PDDO. Open this port between: ■ The deduplication client and the storage servers. ■ The MSDP or the PDDO server and the storage servers.
10102	This is the NetBackup Deduplication Manager (`spad`) port that is used by MSDP. Open this port between: ■ The deduplication client and the MSDP servers. ■ The MSDP server and any Additional servers that handle finger printing.
443	This is the Storage Pool Authority (SPA) Web services port that is used by PDDO. Open this port between: ■ The deduplication client and the PureDisk storage servers. ■ The PDDO server and the PureDisk storage servers.

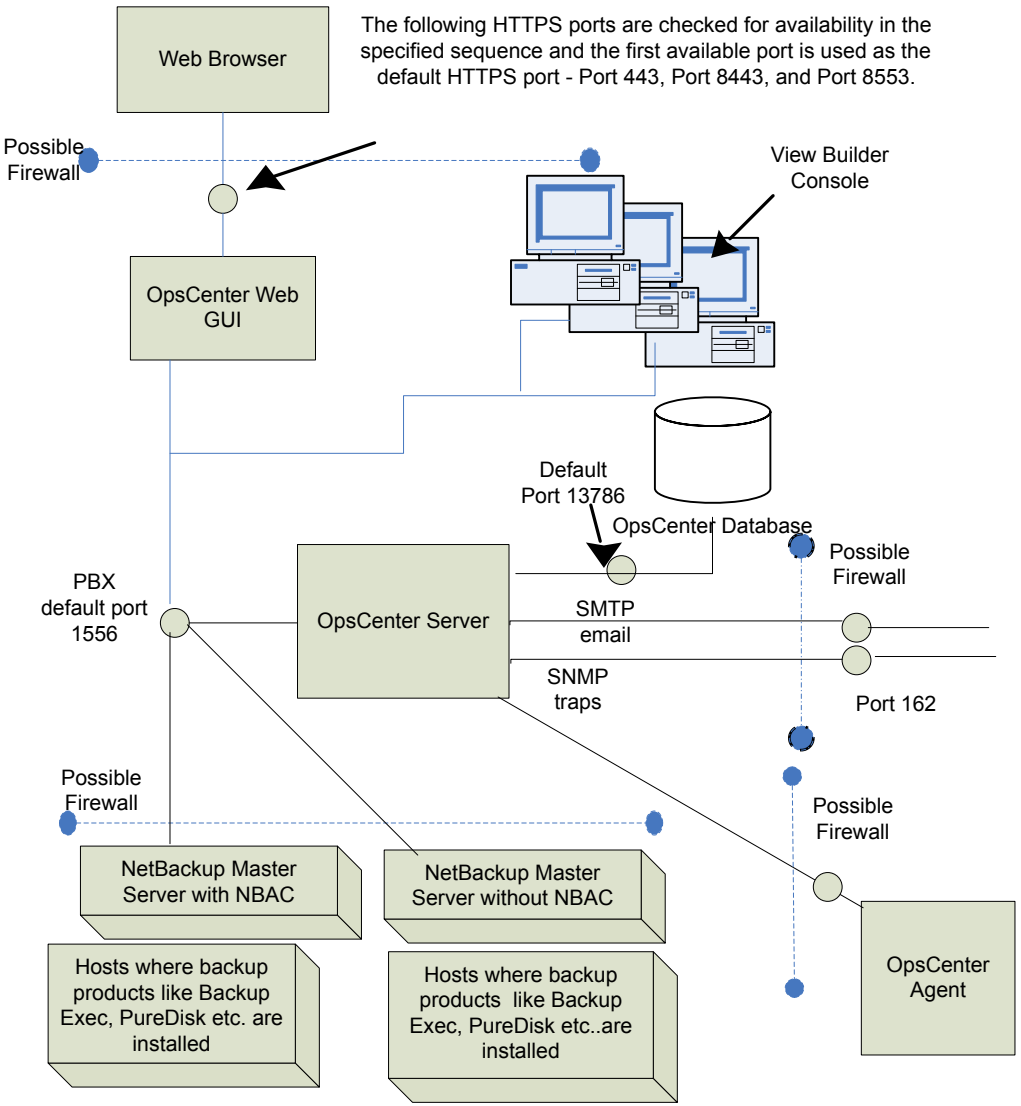
Ports 10082 and either 10102 (MSDP) or 443 (PDDO) must also be open between the media server and any storage servers that perform optimized duplications.

Note: If using Auto Image Replication (AIR) for optimized duplication, TCP ports 1556, 10082, and either 10102 (MSDP) or 443 (PDDO) must be open between the NetBackup domains.

About communication ports and firewall considerations in OpsCenter

Figure 3-1 shows the key OpsCenter components and the communication ports that are used.

Figure 3-1 Key OpsCenter components and how they communicate



See "Communication ports used by key OpsCenter components" on page 17.

Communication ports used by key OpsCenter components

The following table shows the default port settings for OpsCenter.

SMTP recipient ports can be configured from the OpsCenter console (using **Settings > Configuration > SMTP Server**). The SNMP trap recipient ports can also be configured from the OpsCenter console (using **Settings > Recipients > SNMP**).

If these ports are changed then the appropriate hardware ports have to be opened.

Table 3-2 lists the communication ports that are used by key OpsCenter components.

Table 3-2 Communication ports used by key OpsCenter components

Source Host	Destination Host	Port Number	Usage (Process Name)	Port Configuration
OpsCenter Server	Mail server	25	SMTP	Allow from source to destination.
OpsCenter Server	SNMP Server	162	SNMP trap recipient	Allow from source to destination.
OpsCenter Server	NetBackup Master Server(s)	1556	PBX (pbx_exchange)	Allow between source and destination (bi-directional). PBX port number configuration is not supported.
OpsCenter Client	OpsCenter Server	1556	PBX (pbx_exchange)	Allow between source and destination. Some hardened servers and firewall configurations may block this port. PBX port number configuration is not supported.
Web browser	OpsCenter Server	The following HTTPS ports are checked for availability in the specified sequence and the first available port is used by default: **1** 443 (HTTPS) **2** 8443 (HTTPS) **3** 8553 (HTTPS)	HTTPS	Allow from all hosts on network.

Table 3-2 Communication ports used by key OpsCenter components *(continued)*

Source Host	Destination Host	Port Number	Usage (Process Name)	Port Configuration
OpsCenter Server	OpsCenter Server	13786	Sybase database (`dbsrv16`)	Allow between source and destination. Some hardened servers and firewall configurations may block this port.
OpsCenter Server	OpsCenter Server	1556	OpsCenter Product Authentication Service (`opsatd`)	Allow between source and destination in case NBAC is enabled on NetBackup master server.

NetBackup 5200 and 5220 appliance ports (for firewall between master and media server)

In addition to the ports used by NetBackup, the 52xx appliances also provide for both in-band and out-of-band management. The out-of-band management is through a separate network connection, the Remote Management Module (RMM), and the Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI). Open these ports through the firewall as appropriate to allow access to the management services from a remote laptop or KVM (keyboard, video monitor, mouse).

The following table describes the ports to open inbound to the NetBackup appliance.

Table 3-3 Inbound ports

Source	Destination	Port	Service	Description
Command line	Appliance	22	ssh	In-band management CLI
Web browser	Appliance	80	http	In-band management GUI
Web browser	Appliance	443	https	In-band management GUI
Web browser	Appliance IPMI	80	http	Out-of-band mgmt (ISM+ or RM*)

Table 3-3 Inbound ports *(continued)*

Source	Destination	Port	Service	Description
Web browser	Appliance IPMI (firmware > 2.13)	443	https	Out-of-band management (ISM+ or RM*)
NetBackup ISM+	5020/5200 Appliance IPMI	5900	KVM	CLI access, ISO & CDROM redirection
NetBackup ISM+	5020/5200 Appliance IPMI	623	KVM	(optional, utilized if open)
Symantec RM*	5220/5x30 Appliance IPMI	7578	RMM	CLI access
Symantec RM*	5220/5x30 Appliance IPMI	5120	RMM	ISO & CD-ROM redirection
Symantec RM*	5220/5x30 Appliance IPMI	5123	RMM	Floppy redirection
Symantec RM*	5220/5x30 Appliance IPMI	7582	RMM	KVM
Symantec RM*	5220/5x30 Appliance IPMI	5124		CDROM
Symantec RM*	5220/5x30 Appliance IPMI	5127		USB or Floppy

+ NetBackup Integrated Storage Manager

* Symantec Remote Management – Remote Console.

Note: Ports 7578, 5120, and 5123 are for the unencrypted mode. Ports 7528, 5124, and 5127 are for the encrypted mode.

Open these ports outbound from the appliance to allow alerts and notifications to the indicated servers.

Table 3-4 Outbound ports

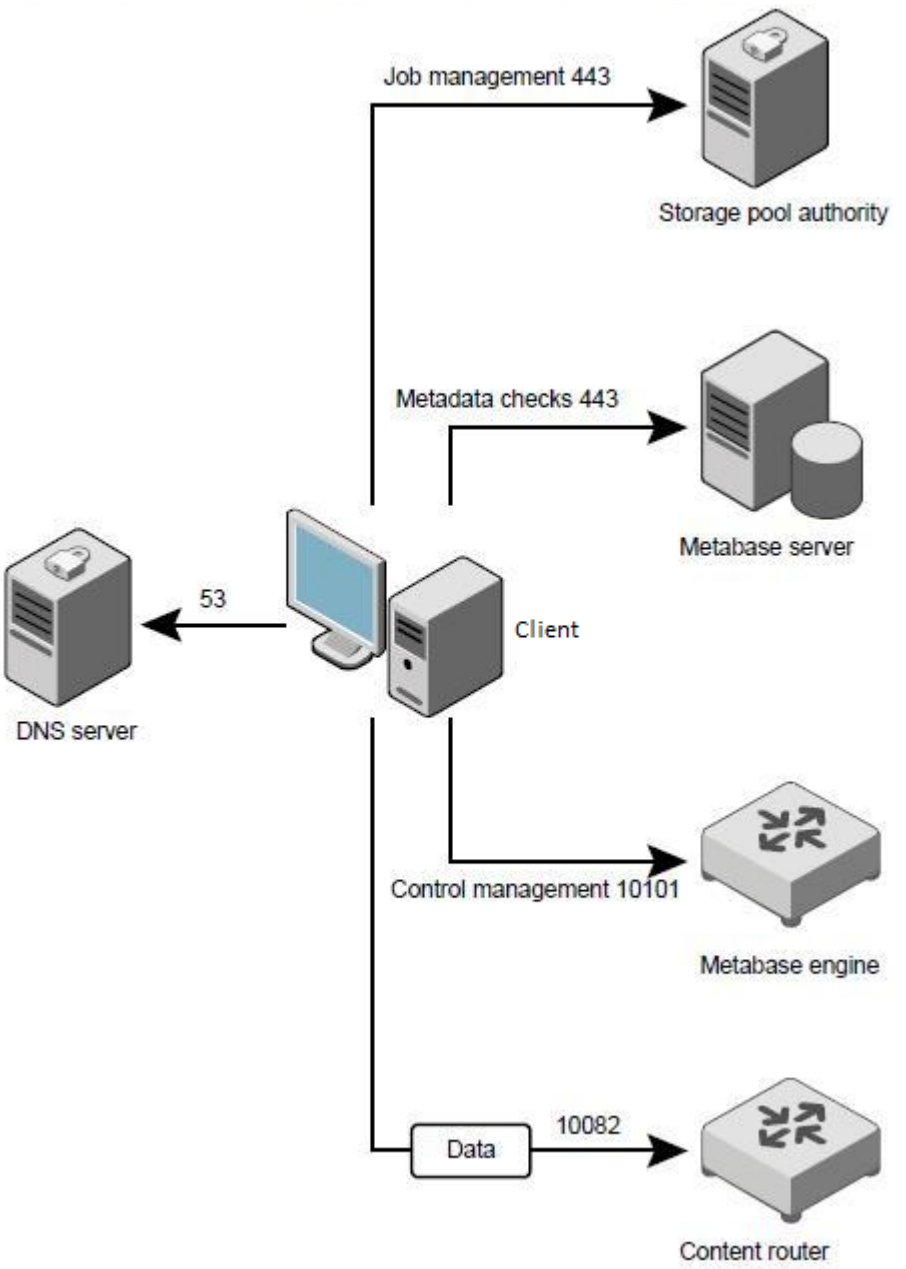
Source	Destination	Port	Service	Description
Appliance	Call Home server	443	https	Call Home notifications to Veritas
Appliance	SNMP Server	162*	SNMP	Outbound traps and alerts
Appliance	SCSP host	443	https	Download SCSP certificates

* This port number can be changed within the appliance configuration to match the remote server.

Port usage for NetBackup PureDisk

The following image displays the communication ports between client agents and a storage pool for PureDisk.

Figure 3-2 Communication ports



The following table describes the information about ports required between client agents and their storage pool:

Table 3-5 PureDisk port usage between client agents and storage pools

Source	Destination	Port	Protocol	Purpose and notes
Client agents	Controller	10101	TCP	Registers, authenticates, and controls a metabase engine always hosts a controller service
Client agents	Content router	10082	TCP	Sends data.
Client agents	Storage pool authority Metabase server	443 (HTTPS)	TCP	Checks and updates actions on the client side.
Client agents	DNS server	53	UDP and TCP	Used when you install PureDisk with FQDNs or hostnames. Not used if you install PureDisk with the IP addresses.

For details about PureDisk, refer to the PureDisk Getting Started Guide.

The following table describes the information about ports between the storage pool authority node and other services:

Table 3-6 PureDisk port usage between the storage pool authority node and other services

Source	Destination	Port	Protocol	Purpose and notes
Storage pool authority	All PureDisk node services	22 (SSH)	TCP	Facilitates the PureDisk installation, upgrades, and maintenance.
Administrator's host system	Storage pool authority	22 (SSH)	TCP	Performs inquiries.
All PureDisk node services	Storage pool authority	123	TCP and UDP	Synchronizes the time using NTPD service.
All PureDisk node services	Storage pool authority	443 (HTTPS)	TCP	Monitors the communication among all other services.
Administrator's host system	Storage pool authority	443 (HTTPS)	TCP	Connects to the storage pool authority and then to the PureDisk administrative Web UI.

Table 3-6 PureDisk port usage between the storage pool authority node and other services *(continued)*

Source	Destination	Port	Protocol	Purpose and notes
Storage pool authority	Root broker host	2821	TCP	Authenticates between each node. Authentication from the storage pool authority to the broker.
All PureDisk nodes	Content router	10082	TCP	Exchanges data.
Metabase server	Metabase engine	10085	TCP	Processes any queries on data selections. This port should be open only on metabase engine nodes.
All PureDisk nodes and all clients	Metabase engine	10101	TCP	Controls the client agent software on the clients. Client agents and server agents connect to the storage pool through the controller.
All PureDisk node services (not shown in figure)	Storage pool authority node	10087	UDP	Facilitates debugging with the debug logging daemon (DLD).
All PureDisk node services	NetBackup	NetBackup ports		Facilitates any disaster recovery through NetBackup. This communication is bidirectional. Used only when disaster recovery through NetBackup is implemented.
NetBackup Export Engine gateways	NetBackup	NetBackup ports		Facilitates any exports to NetBackup. This communication is bidirectional. Used only when the NetBackup export engine is implemented.

NetBackup VMware ports

The TCP ports 443 and 902 are required to access the VMware infrastructure.

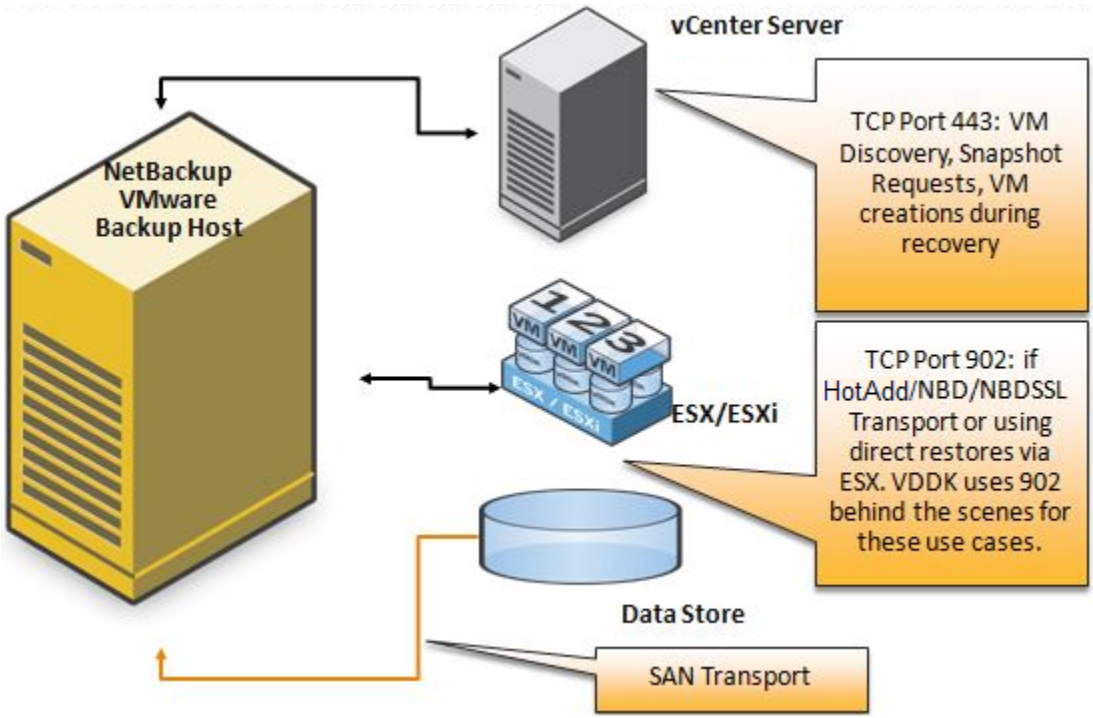
NetBackup must connect to TCP port 443 to access the vCenter server. NetBackup can connect to the vCenter server only through this port for information such as the VM discovery requests, snapshot creation and deletion, and so on.

The backup host must also connect to the TCP port 902 on the ESX/ESXi hosts. In specific cases, the backup host must also connect to the TCP port 902 on the ESX/ESXi hosts.

TCP port 902 is required when:

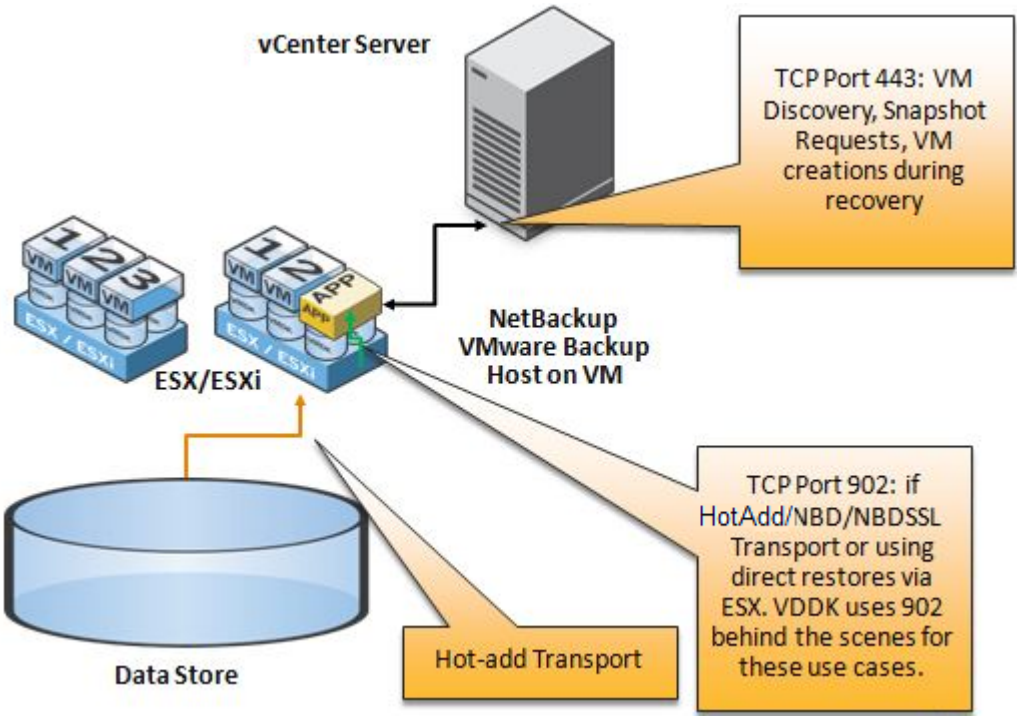
- You use HotAdd/NBD/NBDSSL transport for backups and restore.
- Restores are done through Restore ESX server bypassing the vCenter server.

Figure 3-3 VMware ports



SAN and NBD Transports using a physical VMware backup host

Figure 3-4 VMware ports



NetBackup CloudStore Service Container (nbcssc)

The CloudStore Service Container (nbcssc)is a web-based service container that runs on the media server that is configured for cloud storage. This container hosts different services such as the configuration service, the throttling service, and the metering data collector service. NetBackup OpsCenter uses the metering data for monitoring and reporting.

The default port number for the NetBackup CloudStore Service Container (`nbcssc`) service is 5637.

The CloudStore Service Container configuration file resides in the following directories:

- UNIX:
  `/usr/openv/netbackup/db/cloud`
- Windows:
  `install_path\NetBackup\db\cloud`

The following is an example that shows the default value:

```
[NBCSSC]

CSSC_PORT=5637
```

See the NetBackup Cloud Administrator's Guide for more details.

http://www.veritas.com/docs/DOC5332

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