

Symantec NetBackup™ for Sybase Administrator's Guide

for UNIX, Windows, and Linux

Release 7.7



Symantec NetBackup™ for Sybase Administrator's Guide

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Contents

Technical Support	3	
Chapter 1	Introduction to NetBackup for Sybase	9
	About NetBackup for Sybase	9
	Features of NetBackup for Sybase	9
	NetBackup for Sybase terminology	11
	NetBackup for Sybase overview	11
	SQL server and Sybase backup server	12
	NetBackup for Sybase technical overview	13
	Sequence of operation for NetBackup for Sybase backups	13
	NetBackup documentation	14
Chapter 2	Installing NetBackup for Sybase	15
	Planning the installation of NetBackup for Sybase	15
	Verifying the operating system and platform compatibility	16
	NetBackup server and client requirements	16
	Sybase server software requirements	17
	Requirements for using NetBackup for Sybase in a NetBackup cluster	17
	About license keys for NetBackup for Sybase	18
	Copying the NetBackup for Sybase library to each Sybase instance	18
	Running the sybase_config script	19
	Adding new Sybase instances	19
Chapter 3	Configuring NetBackup for Sybase	20
	About NetBackup for Sybase configuration	20
	About configuring a backup policy for a Sybase database	21
	Adding a new NetBackup for Sybase policy	22
	About policy attributes	23
	About adding schedules to a NetBackup for Sybase policy	23
	NetBackup for Sybase backup types	25
	About schedule properties	26
	Adding clients to a policy	27

About backup selections for a Sybase client	28
About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX	30
Modifying the backup script for NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX	31
Example sybase_mydb_backup.cmd script for NetBackup	32
Modifying the restore script for NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX	34
Example of a sybase_mydb_restore script	35
About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows	37
Modifying the backup script for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows	37
sybase_mdb_backup.cmd script	38
Additional information for editing the backup script for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows	41
Modifying the restore script for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows	42
sybase_mydb_restore.cmd script example for NetBackup	42
Additional information for editing the restore script for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows	44
Modifying the NetBackup for Sybase load script	44
NetBackup for Sybase environment variables	45
NetBackup for Sybase configuration or bp.conf file settings	46
Creating a \$SYBASE_HOME/bp.conf file on the UNIX client	47
Specifying options in /usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf on the UNIX client	48
Configuring the logon account for the NetBackup Client Service for NetBackup for Sybase	48
About striped dumps and loads with NetBackup for Sybase	49
Example Sybase scripts for striped dumps and loads	49
NetBackup for Sybase multiplexing considerations - duplicating tapes	50
NetBackup for Sybase multiplexing considerations - using more than 12 stripes	50
About permissions for NetBackup for Sybase log files (UNIX)	51
Configuring the Maximum jobs per client	52
Performing a manual backup	52
Chapter 4 Using NetBackup for Sybase	54
About using NetBackup for Sybase	54
About Sybase database backups	54

	Sybase backup strategy	55
	Automatic backups of a Sybase database	55
	Backing up a Sybase database manually	56
	Performing a user-directed backup for Sybase	56
	Browsing Sybase backups	56
	About restoring a Sybase database	58
	Using isql to restore a Sybase database	58
	Configuring a redirected restore on the NetBackup for Sybase client	59
Chapter 5	Troubleshooting NetBackup for Sybase	61
	NetBackup debug logs and reports	61
	Enabling the debug logs for a NetBackup for Sybase client automatically (Windows)	62
	Enabling the debug logs manually (Windows)	63
	Enabling the debug logs manually (UNIX)	64
	About the bphdb directory on the Windows database client	65
	About the bphdb directory on the UNIX database client	65
	About the sybackup directory on the UNIX database client	65
	About the sybackup directory on the Windows database client	66
	Setting the debug level on a Windows client	66
	Setting the debug level on a UNIX client	66
	About NetBackup server reports	67
	Sybase Backup Server log and messages	67
	Minimizing timeout failures on large database restores	68
	Minimizing the loading and unloading of tapes for database backups	69
	Delays in completion of backup jobs	70
Index		71

Introduction to NetBackup for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [About NetBackup for Sybase](#)
- [Features of NetBackup for Sybase](#)
- [NetBackup for Sybase terminology](#)
- [NetBackup for Sybase overview](#)
- [NetBackup documentation](#)

About NetBackup for Sybase

NetBackup for Sybase integrates the database backup and recovery capabilities of NetBackup for Sybase with the backup and recovery management capabilities of NetBackup and Media Manager.

Features of NetBackup for Sybase

[Table 1-1](#) shows NetBackup for Sybase's main features and introduces some terms used in this documentation.

Table 1-1 NetBackup for Sybase features and descriptions

Feature	Description
Media and device management	All devices supported by Media Manager are available to NetBackup for Sybase.

Table 1-1 NetBackup for Sybase features and descriptions (*continued*)

Feature	Description
Scheduling facilities	<p>NetBackup scheduling facilities on the master server can be used to schedule automatic and unattended Sybase backups.</p> <p>This feature also lets you choose the times when these operations can occur. For example, to prevent interference with normal daytime operations, you can schedule your database backups to occur only at night.</p>
Multiplexed backups and restores	<p>NetBackup for Sybase lets you take advantage of NetBackup's multiplexing capabilities. Multiplexing directs multiple data streams to one backup device, thereby reducing the time necessary to complete the operation.</p>
Transparent Sybase and regular file system backup and restore operations	<p>All backups and restores run simultaneously and transparently without any action from the NetBackup administrator.</p> <p>The database administrator can run database backup and restore operations through NetBackup. An administrator or any other authorized user can use NetBackup to run database backups and restores.</p>
Sharing the same storage units used for other file backups	<p>It is possible to share the same devices and media used for other backups or to give Sybase exclusive use of certain devices and media. NetBackup for Sybase can use Media Manager, disk, and PureDisk storage units.</p>
Centralized and networked backup operations	<p>From the NetBackup master server, you can schedule database backups or start them manually for any client. The Sybase databases can also reside on hosts that are different from the devices on which NetBackup stores the backups.</p>
Graphical user interfaces	<p>NetBackup provides the following graphical user interfaces for client users and administrators:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ NetBackup Administration Console ■ Backup, Archive, and Restore user interface <p>A database administrator or NetBackup administrator can start backup or restore operations for Sybase from the NetBackup graphical user interface on the master server.</p>
Parallel backup and restore operations	<p>NetBackup for Sybase supports the parallel backup and restore capabilities of the Sybase backup server. For example, this permits the user to run more than one tape device at a time for a single Sybase backup or restore, thereby reducing the time necessary to complete the operation.</p>

Table 1-1 NetBackup for Sybase features and descriptions (*continued*)

Feature	Description
Compression	Compression increases backup performance over the network and reduces the size of the backup image that NetBackup writes to the storage unit.

NetBackup for Sybase terminology

Table 1-2 shows terms that might be new to a Sybase database administrator or a NetBackup administrator.

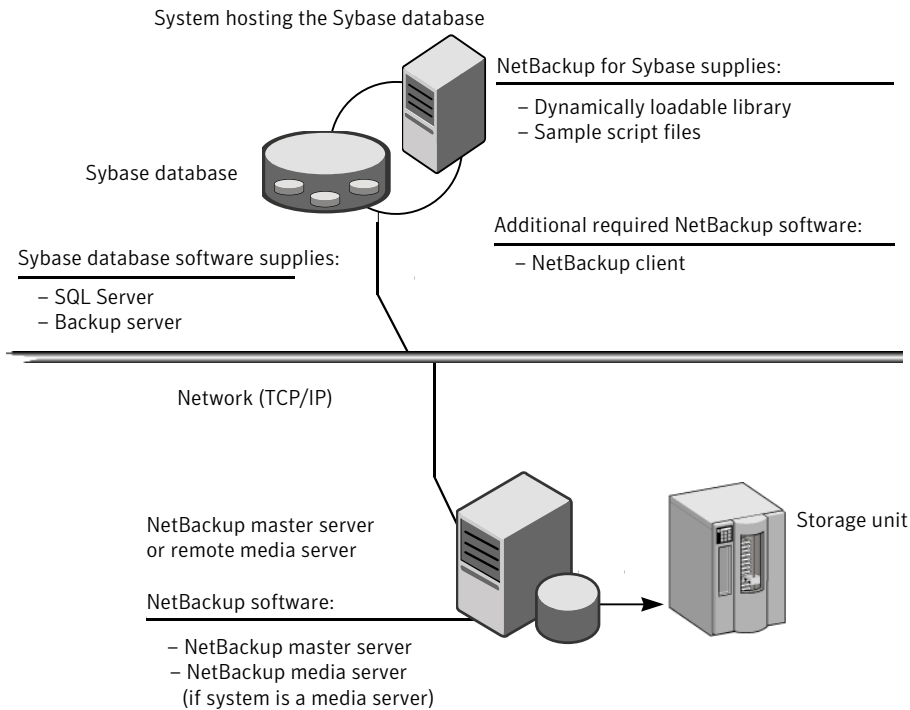
Table 1-2 Sybase terms

Term	Meaning
SQL Server and Sybase backup server	SQL Server improves the backup and restore functions of Sybase backup server by using remote procedure calls (RPCs) to instruct Sybase backup server to back up or restore specific databases. NetBackup for Sybase enhances SQL Server functionality by integrating Sybase backup server with NetBackup. This provides access to NetBackup media management and scheduling in addition to graphical and menu interfaces.
SQL Server <code>DUMP</code> and <code>LOAD</code> commands	These SQL Server commands are used for Sybase database backups and restores. The <code>DUMP</code> command is used to back up. The <code>LOAD</code> command is used to restore.
Archive device	This dump device is used with the <code>DUMP</code> and <code>LOAD</code> commands. It is required to support integration with NetBackup for Sybase.
Sybase backup scripts	Shell scripts that control NetBackup for Sybase operations.
Sybase SQL script	An SQL script that contains SQL commands to be performed by Sybase SQL Server.

NetBackup for Sybase overview

Figure 1-1 shows the major components in a NetBackup for Sybase configuration. The server that is hosting the Sybase database must be a NetBackup client, and it must have NetBackup for Sybase installed or licensed.

Figure 1-1 Example NetBackup for Sybase configuration



SQL server and Sybase backup server

SQL Server performs Sybase backups and restores by sending Sybase `DUMP` and `LOAD` directives to Sybase backup server. Sybase backup server is an Open Server application that prevents backup and restore tasks from interfering with user processes. SQL Server and Sybase backup server are installed and configured with Sybase's regular installation facilities.

When either a Sybase `DUMP` or `LOAD` command is processed, SQL Server sends Sybase backup server the directives to dump or load the specified database or transaction log. These directives indicate which set of archive devices to use for the dump image. Sybase backup server then handles all data transfer for the operation.

For more information on SQL Server and Sybase backup server, see your Sybase documentation.

NetBackup for Sybase technical overview

NetBackup for Sybase has a dynamically loadable library that provides the functions necessary for Sybase backup server to use NetBackup. This library is installed when NetBackup for Sybase is installed.

NetBackup for Sybase is integrated with Sybase backup server through the Sybase backup server archive API. Sybase backup server uses the archive API routines to issue I/O requests to an archive-byte stream. At run time, Sybase backup server loads the NetBackup for Sybase library and makes calls to the API routines to open, close, read, and write to the byte stream through this API interface.

The dump-device string of the Sybase `DUMP` and `LOAD` commands is extended to support the archive API. The following syntax instructs Sybase backup server to use the NetBackup archive device to transfer data to and from NetBackup:

```
"sybackup::"
```

The Sybase `DUMP` command is as follows:

```
dump database model to "sybackup::"
```

SQL Server and Sybase backup server do not have a backup-catalog feature. However, when you perform a database or transaction dump, NetBackup for Sybase automatically creates a file name for the dump image. You must then specify this file name during a subsequent load operation.

The file naming convention for the database and transaction dumps is the following:

```
sql_server_name.database_name.backup_type.stripe_number.pid.dd-mm-yyyy.hh:mm:ss
```

The *backup_type* is either `D` for database or `T` for transaction.

For example:

```
SYBASE11.mydb.D.0.24312.17-12-2003.14:05:25
```

Sequence of operation for NetBackup for Sybase backups

Sybase script files control the NetBackup operations. A user selects a script through the NetBackup client user interface.

You use the NetBackup Administration Console to configure a schedule to use a script to perform NetBackup operations.

See [“About NetBackup for Sybase configuration”](#) on page 20.

The following process takes place when a script is selected for a backup:

- A NetBackup process called `bphdb` starts the Sybase backup script on the client.

- The Sybase backup script starts the `isql` utility and uses the Sybase SQL script as an input file.
- SQL Server starts the requested operation on the databases.
- If the process requires media to store backup data, NetBackup for Sybase starts a user-directed backup by using the NetBackup `bpbbackup` command for Sybase database extension.
- The NetBackup media server connects to NetBackup for Sybase on the client.
- Sybase backup server sends data to NetBackup for Sybase, which transfers data to the media server.
- The media server sends the data to a storage unit.

A restore works in essentially the same manner except that NetBackup for Sybase issues a `bprestore` command. This causes the media server to retrieve the data from the storage unit and send it to NetBackup for Sybase on the client.

Sybase backup server supports parallel operations, so it is possible to start more than one backup or restore operation.

Note: The Sybase backup server API does not support the remote Sybase backup server feature. NetBackup controls all network communications.

NetBackup documentation

For a complete list of NetBackup technical documents for each supported release, see the NetBackup release notes, Administration, Installation, Troubleshooting, Getting Started, and Solutions Guides page at the following URL:

<http://www.symantec.com/docs/DOC5332>

The documents are in Adobe® Portable Document Format (PDF), viewable with the Adobe Acrobat Reader. Download the reader from <http://www.adobe.com>.

Symantec assumes no responsibility for the installation and use of the reader.

The [NetBackup landing page](#) on the Symantec Support website contains a list of helpful how-to and product alert topics.

Installing NetBackup for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Planning the installation of NetBackup for Sybase](#)
- [Verifying the operating system and platform compatibility](#)
- [NetBackup server and client requirements](#)
- [Sybase server software requirements](#)
- [Requirements for using NetBackup for Sybase in a NetBackup cluster](#)
- [About license keys for NetBackup for Sybase](#)
- [Copying the NetBackup for Sybase library to each Sybase instance](#)
- [Running the sybase_config script](#)
- [Adding new Sybase instances](#)

Planning the installation of NetBackup for Sybase

[Table 2-1](#) shows the major installation steps needed to run NetBackup for Sybase. Each step contains one or more links to pertinent procedures and concepts.

Table 2-1 Installation steps for NetBackup for Sybase

Step	Action	Description
Step 1	Verify the installation prerequisites.	See “ Verifying the operating system and platform compatibility ” on page 16. http://www.netbackup.com/compatibility See “ NetBackup server and client requirements ” on page 16. See “ Sybase server software requirements ” on page 17. See “ Requirements for using NetBackup for Sybase in a NetBackup cluster ” on page 17.
Step 2	Add the license key for NetBackup for Sybase.	See “ About license keys for NetBackup for Sybase ” on page 18.
Step 3	(UNIX) Specify the Sybase home path.	See “ Running the sybase_config script ” on page 19.
Step 4	(UNIX) Add a new database instance.	See “ Adding new Sybase instances ” on page 19.

Verifying the operating system and platform compatibility

Verify that the NetBackup for Sybase agent is supported on your operating system or platform.

To verify operating system and compatibility

- 1 Go to the following webpage:
<http://www.netbackup.com/compatibility>
- 2 In the list of documents, click on the following document:
[Application/Database Agent Compatibility List](#)

NetBackup server and client requirements

Verify that the following requirements are met for the NetBackup server:

- The NetBackup server software is installed and operational on the NetBackup server.
See the [NetBackup Installation Guide](#).
- Make sure that you configure any backup media that the storage unit uses. The number of media volumes that are required depends on several things:

- The devices that are used and storage capacity of the media
- The sizes of the databases that you want to back up
- The amount of data that you want to archive
- The size of your backups
- The frequency of backups or archives
- The length of retention of the backup images

See the [NetBackup Administrator's Guide, Volume I](#).

Verify that the following requirements are met for the NetBackup clients:

- The NetBackup client software is installed on the computer that has the databases you want to back up.
- To use the new features that are included in NetBackup for Sybase in NetBackup 7.7, you must upgrade your NetBackup for Sybase clients to NetBackup 7.7. The NetBackup media server must use the same version as the NetBackup for Sybase client or a higher version than the client.

Sybase server software requirements

Verify the following regarding the Sybase server software on the NetBackup server or client:

- Sybase server software must be installed and operational.
- One or more Sybase instances must exist.

See "[NetBackup server and client requirements](#)" on page 16.

Requirements for using NetBackup for Sybase in a NetBackup cluster

If you plan to use NetBackup for Sybase on a NetBackup server configured in a NetBackup cluster, verify the following requirements:

- NetBackup supports your cluster environment.
See the [Software Compatibility List \(SCL\)](#). Note that while NetBackup for Sybase can be used in a cluster environment, the agent is not cluster aware.
- The NetBackup server software is installed and configured to work in a NetBackup cluster.
See the [NetBackup Installation Guide](#).
See the [NetBackup Clustered Master Server Administrator's Guide](#).

- The NetBackup client software is installed and operational on each node to which NetBackup can failover.
- On each node where NetBackup server resides, add the license key for NetBackup for Sybase.

About license keys for NetBackup for Sybase

The NetBackup for Sybase agent is installed with the NetBackup client software. No separate installation is required. A valid license for the agent must exist on the master server.

More information is available on how to add license keys.

See the [NetBackup Administrator's Guide, Volume I](#).

In a NetBackup cluster, add the key on each node where the NetBackup server is installed.

Copying the NetBackup for Sybase library to each Sybase instance

If you have more than one instance of Sybase on your Windows computer, copy the NetBackup for Sybase library to every Sybase instance.

To copy the NetBackup for Sybase library

- ◆ Copy `Veritas\NetBackup\dbext\sybase\libsybackup.dll` to the appropriate location.

Refer to the following table to determine the location, which is dependent on the level of Sybase you have:

For	Copy to this directory
Sybase 12.0 or 12.5	<code>%SYBASE%\ASE-12_*\lib\</code>
Sybase 11.9.2	<code>%SYBASE%\lib\</code>

Running the sybase_config script

After you add the license key for NetBackup for Sybase, run this script on the computer where the Sybase vendor software is installed. With this script, NetBackup can gather additional information about your Sybase environment.

To specify the Sybase home path

- 1 Change to the following directory:

```
/usr/opensv/netbackup/bin
```

- 2 Run the following script:

```
./sybase_config
```

- 3 Supply the home path for the database instance.
- 4 Add any other database instances, or enter `n` if you are finished.

Adding new Sybase instances

If you install a new Sybase instance after you install NetBackup, you need to add this new instance to the NetBackup configuration. This action ensures that all new Sybase instances are included in backup operations.

See [“Running the sybase_config script”](#) on page 19.

Configuring NetBackup for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [About NetBackup for Sybase configuration](#)
- [About configuring a backup policy for a Sybase database](#)
- [About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX](#)
- [About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows](#)
- [Modifying the NetBackup for Sybase load script](#)
- [NetBackup for Sybase environment variables](#)
- [NetBackup for Sybase configuration or bp.conf file settings](#)
- [Configuring the logon account for the NetBackup Client Service for NetBackup for Sybase](#)
- [About striped dumps and loads with NetBackup for Sybase](#)
- [About permissions for NetBackup for Sybase log files \(UNIX\)](#)
- [Configuring the Maximum jobs per client](#)
- [Performing a manual backup](#)

About NetBackup for Sybase configuration

Before you attempt to configure NetBackup for Sybase, complete the installation procedure.

See [“Planning the installation of NetBackup for Sybase”](#) on page 15.

After you complete the installation, you can follow the procedures in [Table 3-1](#) to configure your environment.

Table 3-1 Steps to configure NetBackup for Sybase

Step	Action	Description
Step 1	Configure a backup policy.	See “About configuring a backup policy for a Sybase database” on page 21.
Step 2	Create backup scripts.	See “About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX” on page 30. See “About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows” on page 37. See “Modifying the NetBackup for Sybase load script” on page 44.
Step 3	Edit Sybase environment variables.	See “NetBackup for Sybase environment variables” on page 45.
Step 4	Edit Sybase configuration files.	See “NetBackup for Sybase configuration or bp.conf file settings” on page 46.
Step 5	(Windows) Configure the logon account for the NetBackup Client Service	See “Configuring the logon account for the NetBackup Client Service for NetBackup for Sybase” on page 48.
Step 6	Configure striped dumps and loads.	See “About striped dumps and loads with NetBackup for Sybase” on page 49.
Step 7	(UNIX and Linux) Configure the permissions for log files.	See “About permissions for NetBackup for Sybase log files (UNIX)” on page 51.
Step 8	Configure the Maximum jobs per client.	See “Configuring the Maximum jobs per client” on page 52.
Step 9	Test the configuration settings.	See Testing configuration settings for NetBackup for Sybase on page 52.

About configuring a backup policy for a Sybase database

A backup policy for a database defines the backup criteria for a specific group of one or more clients.

These criteria include the following:

- Storage unit and media to use
- Policy attributes
- Backup schedules
- Clients to be backed up
- The script files to run on the clients

To back up the database environment, define at least one Sybase policy with the appropriate schedules. A configuration can have a single policy that includes all clients, or there can be many policies, some of which include only one client.

To perform striped dumps or loads you need to perform other configuration.

See [“About striped dumps and loads with NetBackup for Sybase”](#) on page 49.

To add and configure a policy, see the following topics:

- See [“Adding a new NetBackup for Sybase policy”](#) on page 22.
- See [“About policy attributes”](#) on page 23.
- See [“About adding schedules to a NetBackup for Sybase policy”](#) on page 23.
- See [“Adding clients to a policy”](#) on page 27.

Adding a new NetBackup for Sybase policy

This topic describes how to add a new backup policy for a database.

To add a new NetBackup for Sybase policy

- 1 Log on to the master server as administrator (Windows) or root (UNIX).
- 2 Start the NetBackup Administration Console.
- 3 If your site has more than one master server, choose the one on which you want to add the policy.
- 4 In the NetBackup Administration Console, select **NetBackup Management > Policies**. Then select **Actions > New > Policy**.
- 5 In the **Add a New Policy** dialog box, in the **Policy name** box, type a unique name for the new policy.
- 6 Click **OK**.
- 7 In the **Add New Policy** dialog box, in the **Policy type** list, select **Sybase**.

The Sybase policy type does not appear in the drop-down list unless your master server has a license key for the database agent.

- 8 Complete the entries on the **Attributes** tab.
 See [“About policy attributes”](#) on page 23.
- 9 Add other policy information as follows:
 - Add schedules.
 See [“About adding schedules to a NetBackup for Sybase policy”](#) on page 23.
 - Add clients.
 See [“Adding clients to a policy”](#) on page 27.
 - Add scripts to the backup selections list.
 See [“About backup selections for a Sybase client”](#) on page 28.
- 10 When you have added all the schedules, clients, and backup selections you need, click **OK**.

About policy attributes

With a few exceptions, NetBackup manages the policy attributes set for a database backup like a file system backup. Other policy attributes vary according to your specific backup strategy and system configuration.

[Table 3-2](#) describes some of the policy attributes available for a NetBackup for Sybase policy. For more information on policy attributes, see the [NetBackup Administrator’s Guide, Volume I](#).

Table 3-2 Policy attribute descriptions for NetBackup for Sybase policies

Attribute	Description
Policy type	Determines the types of clients that can be backed up with the policy. For Sybase databases, select the policy type Sybase.
Keyword phrase	For NetBackup for Sybase, the Keyword phrase entry is ignored.

About adding schedules to a NetBackup for Sybase policy

Each policy has its own set of schedules. These schedules initiate automatic backups and specify when a user can initiate operations. A database backup has these types of schedules: application backup and automatic backup.

Configuring an application backup schedule

A database backup requires an application backup schedule. You cannot perform backups if this type of schedule is not included in the policy. The NetBackup for

Sybase agent automatically creates this schedule and names it **Default-Application-Backup**.

The backup window for an application backup schedule must encompass the time period during which all scheduled jobs and client-initiated jobs can occur. This window is necessary because the application backup schedule accepts the backup request from NetBackup for Sybase regardless of whether the backup was initiated from an automatic schedule or from the client. You can choose to set the window for the application backup schedule for 24 hours per day, seven days per week. This window ensures that your operations are never locked out due to the application backup schedule.

To configure an application backup schedule

- 1 In the **Policy** dialog box, click the **Schedules** tab.
 To access the **Policy** dialog box, double-click the policy name in the **Policies** list in the NetBackup Administration Console.
- 2 Double-click the schedule that is named **Default-Application-Backup**.
- 3 Specify the other properties for the schedule.
 See “[About schedule properties](#)” on page 26.

Example application backup schedule

Assume the following:

- Users perform database backup operations during business hours, 08:00 to 13:00.
- The automatic backups that use this policy start between 18:00 and 22:00.

In this scenario, the application backup schedule must have a start time of 0800 and a duration of 14 hours. Alternatively, the schedule can have two windows each day; one with a start time of 0800 and duration of 5 hours, and another with a start time of 1800 and a duration of 4 hours.

Table 3-3 Example settings for a NetBackup for Sybase application backup schedule

Schedule option	Setting
Retention	2 weeks
Backup window	Sunday through Saturday 00:08:00 - 22:00:00

Configuring automatic backup schedules

If you plan to have NetBackup perform automatic scheduled backups, you also need one or more automatic backup schedules. Generally, you configure the following automatic backup schedules for each Sybase database: one for the database dump backups and one for the transaction log backups.

To configure an automatic backup schedule

- 1 On the **Policy** dialog box, click the **Schedules** tab.
- 2 Click **New**.
- 3 Specify a unique name for the schedule.
- 4 Select the **Type of backup**.
 See “[NetBackup for Sybase backup types](#)” on page 25.
- 5 Specify the other properties for the schedule.
 See “[About schedule properties](#) ” on page 26.
- 6 Click **OK**.

Example automatic backup schedule

[Table 3-4](#) shows example settings for an automatic backup schedule.

Table 3-4 Example settings for a NetBackup for Sybase automatic backup schedule

Schedule property	Setting
Retention	2 weeks
Frequency	Every week
Backup window	Sunday, 18:00:00 - 22:00:00

NetBackup for Sybase backup types

[Table 3-5](#) shows the backup types you can specify for a NetBackup for Sybase policy.

Table 3-5 NetBackup for Sybase backup types

Backup type	Description
Application backup	The application backup schedule enables user-controlled NetBackup operations from the client. These operations include those initiated from the client and those initiated by an automatic schedule on the master server. NetBackup uses the application backup schedule when the user starts a backup manually. Configure at least one application backup schedule for each database policy. The Default-Application-Backup schedule is configured automatically as an application backup schedule.
Automatic backup	An automatic backup schedule specifies the dates and times for NetBackup to automatically start backups. NetBackup runs the scripts in the order that they appear in the file list. If there is more than one client in the policy, the scripts are run on each client.

About schedule properties

This topic describes the schedule properties that have a different meaning for database backups than for file system backups. Other schedule properties vary according to your specific backup strategy and system configuration. Additional information about other schedule properties is available. See the [NetBackup Administrator's Guide, Volume I](#).

Table 3-6 Description of schedule properties

Property	Description
Type of backup	Specifies the type of backup that this schedule can control. The selection list shows only the backup types that apply to the policy you want to configure. See " NetBackup for Sybase backup types " on page 25.
Schedule type	You can schedule an automatic backup in one of the following ways: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Frequency Frequency specifies the period of time that can elapse until the next backup operation begins on this schedule. For example, assume that the frequency is 7 days and a successful backup occurs on Wednesday. The next full backup does not occur until the following Wednesday. Typically, incremental backups have a shorter frequency than full backups. ■ Calendar The Calendar option lets you schedule the backup operations that are based on specific dates, recurring week days, or recurring days of the month.

Table 3-6 Description of schedule properties (*continued*)

Property	Description
Retention	<p>The retention period for an application backup schedule refers to the length of time that NetBackup keeps backup images. The retention period for an automatic schedule controls how long NetBackup keeps records of when scheduled backups occurred. For example, if your database is backed up once every Sunday morning, you should select a retention period of at least 2 weeks.</p> <p>The type of schedule you select affects the retention period as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Frequency-based scheduling <p>Set a retention period that is longer than the frequency setting for the schedule. For example, if the frequency setting is set to one week, set the retention period to be more than one week. The NetBackup scheduler compares the latest record of the automatic backup schedule to the frequency of that automatic backup schedule. This comparison is done to determine whether a backup is due. So if you set the retention period to expire the record too early, the scheduled backup frequency is unpredictable. However, if you set the retention period to be longer than necessary, the NetBackup catalog accumulates unnecessary records.</p> ■ Calendar-based scheduling <p>The retention period setting is not significant for calendar-based scheduling.</p>
Multiple copies	<p>If you want to specify multiple copies of a backup for the policy, configure Multiple copies on the application backup schedule. If using Snapshot Client, also specify Multiple copies on the automatic schedule.</p>

Adding clients to a policy

The client list contains a list of the clients on which your scripts are run during an automatic backup or the clients that can send backup requests to the application schedule. A NetBackup client must be in at least one policy but can be in more than one.

For a NetBackup for Sybase policy, clients you want to add must have the following software installed:

- Sybase
- NetBackup client or server
- The backup or restore Sybase script(s)

To add clients to a NetBackup for Sybase policy

- 1 Open the policy you want to edit or create a new policy.
- 2 Click the **Clients** tab.
 To access the **Policy** dialog box, double-click the policy name in the **Policies** list in the NetBackup Administration Console.
- 3 Click **New**.
- 4 Type the name of the client and select the hardware and operating system of the client.
 If Sybase is installed in a cluster, specify the virtual Sybase name as the client name.
- 5 Choose one of the following:
 - To add another client, click **Add**.
 - If this client is the last client you want to add, click **OK**.
- 6 In the **Policy** dialog box, click **OK**.

About backup selections for a Sybase client

The backup selections list in a database policy is different from the list in non-database policies. For example, in a Standard or MS-Windows policy, the list contains files and directories to be backed up. In a database policy, you specify scripts to be run.

About NetBackup for Sybase scripts rules

Observe the following when you use scripts:

- Make sure that the scripts reside on each client in the client list and in the same location as otherwise they fail to execute on every client. Make sure that NetBackup has permission access the location you choose and that NetBackup can run the scripts.
- NetBackup installs sample scripts when you install the software; you can modify these scripts for your own use. Write the scripts to a location outside of the original installation location. This ensures that future NetBackup installations do not overwrite your site's scripts.
- If you use NetBackup for Sybase in a cluster, make sure that the scripts reside in a location that is available after a failover.

Add scripts to the backup selections list only if you want to set up a policy for automatic backups. These scripts are run for automatic backup schedules.

NetBackup runs the scripts in the order that the scripts appear in the backup selections list.

See “[About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows](#)” on page 37.

Adding NetBackup for Sybase scripts to the backup selections list

The following procedures describe how to add scripts to the backup selections list. Review the information on backup scripts if necessary.

Note: Be sure to specify the correct script names in the backup selections list to prevent an error or possibly a wrong operation. Make sure that the script resides on the client before you try to add it to the backup selections list.

To add scripts to the backup selections list

- 1 Open the **Policy** dialog box.

To access the **Policy** dialog box, double-click the policy name in the Policies list in the NetBackup Administration Console.

- 2 Click the **Backup Selections** tab.

- 3 Click **New**.

- 4 In the **Script** box, type the full path name of a script on the client.

For example:

```
/backup_scripts/db/cold_backup.sh
```

```
C:\backup_scripts\db\cold_backup.cmd
```

- 5 Click **Add**.

- 6 Choose one of the following:

- To add another script, repeat step 4 and step 5.
- If this client is the last script you want to add, click **OK**.

- 7 Click **OK**.

To browse for scripts to add to the backup selections list

- 1 In the **Policy** dialog box, click the **Backup Selections** tab.
 To access the **Policy** dialog box, double-click the policy name in the Policies list in the NetBackup Administration Console.
- 2 Click **New**.
- 3 Click **Browse**.
- 4 Navigate to and select the script file, then click **OK**.
- 5 Choose one of the following:
 - To add another script, repeat step 3 and step 4.
 - If this client is the last script you want to add, click **OK**.
- 6 Click **OK**.

About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX

Sybase SQL scripts cause the SQL Server to send directives that initiate a dump or load of the specified database or transaction log to the Sybase backup server. The Sybase `isql` utility communicates with the SQL server. For more information about the `isql` utility, see your Sybase documentation.

NetBackup for Sybase includes the following example scripts:

- `sybase_mydb_backup`
- `sybase_mydb_restore`
- `sybase_mydb_load`

The NetBackup for Sybase installation process writes these example scripts to the following location:

```
/usr/opensv/netbackup/ext/db_ext/sybase/scripts
```

Each script can perform multiple Sybase backup server operations, but each type of operation requires a separate script. For example, you need to use separate scripts for backups versus restores.

Caution: Always specify the correct script when configuring automatic backups or when starting operations through NetBackup. NetBackup for Sybase does not generate an error if a restore script is used for a backup operation or a backup script is used for a restore operation.

The following sections show how to modify these scripts for your environment.

Modifying the backup script for NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX

The following procedure shows how to modify the backup script.

To modify the `sybase_mdb_backup` script

- 1 Copy the example script to a different location on your client.

Sybase backup scripts can be located anywhere on a client. If you do not copy the scripts to a site-specific location, subsequent NetBackup upgrades can overwrite your site's scripts.

- 2 Set the access permissions of the script to 775.

```
chmod 775 sybase_mydb_backup
```

- 3 Use a text editor to open the `sybase_mydb_backup` script.

The following example uses the `vi(1)` text editor.

```
vi sybase_mydb_backup
```

- 4 Modify the `sybase_mydb_backup` script using the instructions in the script itself.

When customizing this script, note the following line:

```
# Replace "database_dump" below with your actual schedule name
if [ "${SYBACKUP_SCHEDULE}" = "database_dump" ]
```

Replace `database_dump` with the name of the Automatic Backup schedule used when you set up the NetBackup configuration.

See [“About configuring a backup policy for a Sybase database”](#) on page 21.

- 5 Save and close the file.
- 6 Test the script you modified.

More information is available for how to test scripts.

See [Testing configuration settings for NetBackup for Sybase](#) on page 52.

Example sybase_mydb_backup.cmd script for NetBackup

The following code example shows the `sybase_mydb_backup` script:

```

*****
# Replace /usr/sybase12 below with the actual Sybase home directory
*****
SYBASE=/usr/sybase12

*****
# Replace SYBASE12 below with the actual name of the SQL Server
*****
SYBSERVER=SYBASE12

*****
# Replace SYB_DB below with the actual name of your Sybase database
*****
DATABASE_NAME=SYB_DB

*****
# Replace syb_files below with your actual name of the NetBackup
# server Policy to be used to backup the directory with Sybase script files
*****
SYB_FILES_POLICY=syb_files

*****
# Replace /usr/sybase12/scripts below with your actual path of the Sybase files
*****
SYB_FILES_DIR=/usr/sybase12/scripts

if [ ! -d "${SYBASE}"/ASE-12_0/ ]
then
***** Sybase 11.9.2 or earlier *****
ASE_QUAL=
OCS_QUAL=
else
***** Sybase 12.0 *****
SYBASE_ASE=ASE-12_0; export SYBASE_ASE
SYBASE_OCS=OCS-12_0; export SYBASE_OCS
ASE_QUAL=${SYBASE_ASE}
OCS_QUAL=${SYBASE_OCS}
fi

```



```

echo "Started `date` "
SYBASE=$SYBASE; export SYBASE
# These environment variables are set by NetBackup
echo "SYBACKUP_SERVER = $SYBACKUP_SERVER"
echo "SYBACKUP_POLICY = $SYBACKUP_POLICY"
echo "SYBACKUP_SCHED = $SYBACKUP_SCHED"
echo "SYBACKUP_SCHEDULED = $SYBACKUP_SCHEDULED"
echo "SYBACKUP_USER_INITIATED = $SYBACKUP_USER_INITIATED"

RETURN_STATUS=0

#*****
# Replace "database_dump" below with your actual NetBackup schedule name
# which is used for a full backup of the Sybase database.
#*****
if [ "${SYBACKUP_SCHED}" = "database_dump" ]
then
##### NetBackup has started a "database_dump" backup #####
DUMP_TYPE=DATABASE

else
##### NetBackup has started a "transaction log" backup #####
DUMP_TYPE=TRANSACTION
fi

#*****
# Replace "Default-Application-Backup" below with your actual NetBackup
# Application Backup type schedule name for the Sybase database.
#*****
    echo dump $DUMP_TYPE $DATABASE_NAME to \"sybackup::-SERV $SYBACKUP_SERVER -POL
$SYBACKUP_POLICY -SCHED Default-Application-Backup\" > ./syb_${DATABASE_NAME}_dump

#*****
# Remove the '#' from the beginning of the line below if you are going to
# use multiple stripes for the backup. Repeat this line for each stripe.
# Replace "Default-Application-Backup" below with your actual NetBackup
# Application Backup type schedule name for the Sybase database.
# *****
# echo stripe on \"sybackup::-SERV $SYBACKUP_SERVER -POL $SYBACKUP_POLICY
-SCHED Default-Application-Backup\" >> ./syb_${DATABASE_NAME}_dump

echo go >> ./syb_${DATABASE_NAME}_dump

```

```

#*****
# Replace "manager" with your Sybase server Administrator's Password
#*****
    echo "$SYBASE$OCS_QUAL/bin/isql -Usa -Pmanager -I$SYBASE/interfaces -S$SYBSERVER
< ./syb_${DATABASE_NAME}_dump"

    $SYBASE$OCS_QUAL/bin/isql -Usa -Pmanager -I$SYBASE/interfaces -S$SYBSERVER
< ./syb_${DATABASE_NAME}_dump
    RETURN_STATUS=$?

if [ "${DUMP_TYPE}" = "DATABASE" ]
then
# Initiate a backup of any file related to the Sybase database, such as script files.

    echo "bpbackup -c $SYB_FILES_POLICY $SYB_FILES_DIR"
    /usr/opensv/netbackup/bin/bpbackup -c $SYB_FILES_POLICY $SYB_FILES_DIR
    BPBACKUP_STATUS=$?

    if [ "$BPBACKUP_STATUS" -ne 0 ]
    then
        echo ""
        echo "bpbackup of $SYB_FILES_DIR returned $BPBACKUP_STATUS"
    fi
fi

echo "Finished `date`"

echo "exit $RETURN_STATUS"
echo ""

exit $RETURN_STATUS

```

Modifying the restore script for NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX

The following procedure shows how to modify the restore script.

To modify the `sybase_mydb_restore` script

- 1 Copy the example script to a different location on your client.
 Sybase restore and load scripts can be located anywhere on the client. If you do not copy the scripts to a site-specific location, subsequent NetBackup upgrades can overwrite your site's scripts.

- 2 Set the access permissions of the script to 775.

```
chmod 775 script_name
```

- 3 Use a text editor to open the `sybase_mydb_restore` script.

The following example uses the `vi(1)` text editor:

```
vi sybase_mydb_restore
```

- 4 Modify the `sybase_mydb_restore` script using the instructions in the script itself.

- 5 Save and close the file.

- 6 Test the script you modified.

More information is available for how to test scripts.

See [Testing configuration settings for NetBackup for Sybase](#) on page 52.

Example of a `sybase_mydb_restore` script

The following code example shows the `sybase_mydb_restore` script:

```
*****
# Replace /usr/sybase12 below with your actual Sybase home directory
*****
SYBASE=/usr/sybase12

*****
# Replace SYBASE12 below with your actual name of the SQL Server
*****
SYBSERVER=SYBASE12

if [ ! -d "${SYBASE}"/ASE-12_0/ ]
then
***** Sybase 11.9.2 or earlier *****
ASE_QUAL=
```

```

OCS_QUAL=
else
#***** Sybase 12.0 or later *****
SYBASE_ASE=ASE-12_0; export SYBASE_ASE
SYBASE_OCS=OCS-12_0; export SYBASE_OCS
ASE_QUAL=/${SYBASE_ASE}
OCS_QUAL=/${SYBASE_OCS}
fi

#*****
# Replace /usr/opensv/netbackup/ext/db_ext/sybase/scripts/sybase_mydb_load
# below with your actual SQL script path which contains corresponding
# LOAD commands
#*****
LOADDB=/usr/opensv/netbackup/ext/db_ext/sybase/scripts/sybase_mydb_load

echo "Started `date`"

SYBASE=${SYBASE}; export SYBASE

RETURN_STATUS=0

# NetBackup has started a restore

#*****
# Replace "manager" with your Sybase server Administrator's Password
#*****
echo "${SYBASE}${OCS_QUAL}/bin/isql -Usa -Pmanager -I${SYBASE}/interfaces -S${SYBSERVER} < $LOADDB"
${SYBASE}${OCS_QUAL}/bin/isql -Usa -Pmanager -I${SYBASE}/interfaces -S${SYBSERVER} < $LOADDB

RETURN_STATUS=$?

echo "Finished `date`"

echo "exit $RETURN_STATUS"
echo ""

exit $RETURN_STATUS

```

About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

Sybase SQL scripts cause the SQL Server to send directives that initiate a dump or load of the specified database or transaction log to the Sybase backup server. The Sybase `isql` utility communicates with the SQL server. For more information about the `isql` utility, see your Sybase documentation.

NetBackup for Sybase includes the following example scripts:

- `sybase_mydb_backup.cmd`
- `sybase_mydb_restore.cmd`
- `sybase_mydb_load`

The NetBackup for Sybase installation process writes these example scripts to the following location:

```
install_path\NetBackup\dbext\sybase\samples
```

Each script can perform multiple Sybase backup server operations, but each type of operation requires a separate script. For example, you need to use separate scripts for backups versus restores.

Caution: Always specify the correct script when configuring automatic backups or when starting operations through NetBackup. NetBackup for Sybase does not generate an error if a restore script is used for a backup operation or a backup script is used for a restore operation.

The following sections show how to modify these scripts for your environment.

Modifying the backup script for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

The following procedure shows how to modify the backup script.

To modify the `sybase_mdb_backup.cmd` script

- 1 Copy the example script to a different location on your client.
 Sybase backup scripts can be located anywhere on a client. If you do not copy the scripts to a site-specific location, subsequent NetBackup upgrades can overwrite your site's scripts.
- 2 Make sure there is share access to the script.
- 3 Use a text editor to open the `sybase_mydb_backup.cmd` script.

About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

- 4 Modify the `sybase_mydb_backup.cmd` script using the instructions in the script itself.
- 5 You can modify the `sybase_mydb_backup.cmd` script to back up more than one database. For example, the following `DUMP` commands back up two different databases, `db1` and `db2`, and use two different Sybase policy configurations:
See [“About configuring a backup policy for a Sybase database”](#) on page 21.

```
dump database db1 to "sybackup::-POLICY db1-policy"
go
dump database db2 to "sybackup::-POLICY db2-policy"
go
```

- 6 Save and close the file.
- 7 Test the script you modified.

More information is available for how to test scripts.

See [Testing configuration settings for NetBackup for Sybase](#) on page 52.

sybase_mdb_backup.cmd script

The `sybase_mydb_backup.cmd` script is as follows:

```
@setlocal
@echo off

@REM *****
@REM Replace C:\Sybase below with your actual Sybase home directory
@REM *****
@set SYBASE=C:\Sybase

@REM *****
@REM Replace Sybase below with the actual name of your SQL Server
@REM *****
@set SYBSERVER=SYBASE

@REM *****
@REM Replace SYB_DB below with the actual name of your Sybase database
@REM *****
@set DATABASE_NAME=SYB_DB

if "%SYBASE_OCS%" == "" goto notsyb12
```

About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

```

@REM ***** Sybase 12.0 or later *****
@set OCS_QUAL=\%SYBASE_OCS%
goto cont1

:notsyb12
@REM ***** Sybase 11.9.2 or earlier *****
@set OCS_QUAL=

:cont1

@REM *****
@REM These environment variables are set by NetBackup.
@REM *****
@echo SYBACKUP_SERVER = %SYBACKUP_SERVER%
@echo SYBACKUP_POLICY = %SYBACKUP_POLICY%
@echo SYBACKUP_SCHED = %SYBACKUP_SCHED%
@echo SYBACKUP_SCHEDULED = %SYBACKUP_SCHEDULED%
@echo SYBACKUP_USER_INITIATED = %SYBACKUP_USER_INITIATED%

@REM *****
@REM Replace "database_dump" below with your actual NetBackup schedule name
@REM which is used for a full backup of the Sybase database.
@REM *****
if "%SYBACKUP_SCHED%" == "database_dump" goto dbdump

@REM ***** NetBackup has started a "transaction_dump" backup *****
set DUMP_TYPE=TRANSACTION
    goto entercmd

:dbdump
@REM ***** NetBackup has started a "database_dump" backup *****
set DUMP_TYPE=DATABASE

:entercmd

@REM *****
@REM Replace "Default-Application-Backup" below with your actual NetBackup
@REM Application Backup type schedule name for the Sybase database.
@REM *****

@echo dump %DUMP_TYPE% %DATABASE_NAME% to "sybackup::-SERV %SYBACKUP_SERVER% -POL
%SYBACKUP_POLICY% -SCHED Default-Application-Backup -STAT_FILE %STATUS_FILE%" > .
\syb_%DATABASE_NAME%_dump

```

About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

```

@REM *****
@REM Remove the REM from the beginning of the line below if you are going to
@REM use multiple stripes for the backup. Repeat this line for each stripe.
@REM Replace "Default-Application-Backup" below with your actual NetBackup
@REM Application Backup type schedule name for the Sybase database.
@REM *****
@REM echo stripe on "sybackup::-SERV %SYBACKUP_SERVER% -POL %SYBACKUP_POLICY% -SCHED
Default-Application-Backup -STAT_FILE %STATUS_FILE%" >> .\syb_%DATABASE_NAME%_dump

@echo go >> .\syb_%DATABASE_NAME%_dump

@REM *****
@REM Replace "manager" with your Sybase server Administrator's Password
@REM *****

set CMD_LINE=%SYBASE%\OCS_QUAL%\bin\isql -Usa -Pmanager -I%SYBASE%\ini\sql.ini
-S%SYBSERVER% -i .\syb_%DATABASE_NAME%_dump

@echo %CMD_LINE%
%CMD_LINE%

@REM *****
@REM This script will return an error status back to the NetBackup client if
@REM the isql command fails.
@REM *****

if errorlevel 0 goto end
echo Execution of isql command failed - exiting
if "%STATUS_FILE%" == "" goto end
if exist "%STATUS_FILE%" echo 1 > "%STATUS_FILE%"

:end
@echo on
@endlocal

```

See [“ NetBackup for Sybase configuration or bp.conf file settings”](#) on page 46.

Additional information for editing the backup script for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

```
@set SYBASE=C:\Sybase
```

Set this variable to the Sybase home folder. Typically set to the same value as the SYBASE environment variable.

```
@set SYBSERVER=SYBASE
```

Set this variable to the name of the Sybase adaptive server. Typically set to the same value as the DSQUERY environment variable.

```
@set DATABASE_NAME=SYB_DB
```

Set this variable to the name of your Sybase database.

```
if "%SYBACKUP_SCHED%" == "database_dump" goto dbdump
```

Replace `database_dump` with the Automatic Backup schedule name that is used to schedule database dumps. You already configured this Automatic Backup schedule.

See [“About configuring a backup policy for a Sybase database”](#) on page 21.

```
@echo dump %DUMP_TYPE% %DATABASE_NAME% to "sybackup::-SERV
%SYBACKUP_SERVER% -POLICY %SYBACKUP_POLICY% -SCHED
Default-Application-Backup -STAT_FILE %STATUS_FILE%"
> .\syb_%DATABASE_NAME%_dump
```

This line builds the dump command that `isql` processes. Change the NetBackup server name (`%SYBACKUP_SERVER%`), the Sybase policy name (`%SYBACKUP_POLICY%`), and Application Backup schedule name (`Default-Application-Backup`) to fit your environment. Do not change the name of the client status file (`%STATUS_FILE%`).

```
@REM echo stripe on "sybackup::-SERV %SYBACKUP_SERVER% -POLICY
%SYBACKUP_POLICY% -SCHED Default-Application-Backup -STAT_FILE
%STATUS_FILE%" >> .\syb_%DATABASE_NAME%_dump
```

Change the NetBackup server name (`%SYBACKUP_SERVER%`), the Sybase policy name (`%SYBACKUP_POLICY%`), and Application Backup schedule name

About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

(%SYBACKUP_POLICY%) to match the @echo dump line described previously in this table. Repeat this line for each additional stripe that you plan to use to backup the database.

If you are going to use multiple stripes to back up the Sybase database, delete REM from this line.

```
set CMD_LINE=%SYBASE%%OCS_QUAL%\bin\isql -Usa -Pmanager
-I%SYBASE%\ini\sql.ini -S%SYBSERVER%
```

Replace `manager` with the adaptive server password for the administrator.

See “[NetBackup for Sybase configuration or bp.conf file settings](#)” on page 46.

Modifying the restore script for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

The following procedure shows how to modify the restore script.

To modify the `sybase_mydb_restore.cmd` script

- 1 Copy the example script to a different location on your client.
 Sybase restore and load scripts can be located anywhere on the client. If you do not copy the scripts to a site-specific location, subsequent NetBackup upgrades can overwrite your site’s scripts.
- 2 Make sure there is share access to the script.
- 3 Use a text editor to open the `sybase_mydb_restore.cmd` script.
- 4 Modify the `sybase_mydb_restore.cmd` script using the instructions in the script itself.
 More information is available for modifying this script.
- 5 Save and close the file.
- 6 Test the script you modified.
 More information is available for how to test scripts.

See [Testing configuration settings for NetBackup for Sybase](#) on page 52.

`sybase_mydb_restore.cmd` script example for NetBackup

The following code example shows the `sybase_mydb_restore.cmd` script:

The `sybase_mydb_restore` script is as follows:

```
@setlocal
```

About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

```

@echo off

@REM *****
@REM Replace C:\Sybase below with your actual Sybase home directory
@REM *****
@set SYBASE=C:\Sybase

@REM *****
@REM Replace SYBASE below with the actual name of your SQL Server
@REM *****
@set SYBSERVER=SYBASE

if "%SYBASE_OCS%" == "" goto notsyb12
@REM ***** Sybase 12.0 or later *****
@set OCS_QUAL=\%SYBASE_OCS%
goto cont1

:notsyb12
@REM ***** Sybase 11.9.2 or earlier *****
@set OCS_QUAL=

:cont1

@REM *****
@REM Replace ".\sybase_mydb_load" below with a full directory path only if
@REM the script file which contains the isql LOAD command is in a different
@REM directory than this script file.
@REM *****
@set LOADDB=".\sybase_mydb_load"

@REM NetBackup has started a restore
@REM *****
@REM Replace "manager" with your Sybase server Administrator's Password
@REM *****
set CMD_LINE=%SYBASE%%OCS_QUAL%\bin\isql -Usa -Pmanager -I%SYBASE%\ini\sql.ini
-S%SYBSERVER% -i %LOADDB%

@echo %CMD_LINE%
%CMD_LINE%

```

```
@echo on
@endlocal
```

Additional information for editing the restore script for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows

The following is additional information for editing the restore script.

```
@set SYBASE=C:\Sybase
```

Set this to the Sybase home folder. Typically set to the same value as the `SYBASE` environment variable.

```
@set SYBSERVER=SYBASE
```

Set this to the name of the Sybase adaptive server. Typically set to the same value as the `DSQUERY` environmental variable.

```
@set LOADDB=". \sybase_mydb_load"
```

Replace `LOADDB` with the full pathname of the script file that contains the Sybase `LOAD` command. Perform this replacement only if the script file is in a directory that is different from the one in which the `sybase_mydb_restore` script file resides.

```
set CMD_LINE=%SYBASE%\OCS_QUAL%\bin\isql -Usa -Pmanager -I%SYBASE%\ini\sql.ini
-S%SYBSERVER%
```

Replace `manager` with the adaptive server password for the administrator.

Modifying the NetBackup for Sybase load script

This topic shows how to modify the load script. The following is an example of the `sybase_mydb_load` script:

```
load database mydb from "sybackup::SYBASE12.mydb.D.0.24312.20-12-2001.23:05:25"
go
load transaction mydb from "sybackup::SYBASE12.mydb.T.0.44532.21-12-2001.22:01:00"
go
load transaction mydb from "sybackup::SYBASE12.mydb.T.0.14142.22-12-2001.20:45:00"
go
online database mydb
```

To modify the `sybase_mydb_load` script

- 1 Copy the example script to a different location on your client.
Sybase restore and load scripts can be located anywhere on the client. If you do not copy the scripts to a site-specific location, subsequent NetBackup upgrades can overwrite your site's scripts.
- 2 (UNIX or Linux) Set the access permissions of the script to 775.

```
chmod 775 script_name
```

- 3 (Windows) Make sure there is share access to the script.
- 4 Use a text editor to open the `sybase_mydb_load` script.
- 5 Replace `mydb` with the name of the database.
- 6 Replace the file name, shown in the example as `SYBASE12`, with the name obtained from the `bplist` command.

More information about the format of the file name is available.

See [“NetBackup for Sybase technical overview”](#) on page 13.

- 7 (Optional) Use the `-SERV` option to specify the NetBackup server on the device string of the `load` command. The `-SERV` option, which in this example specifies `saturn`, overrides any server that is specified in the NetBackup client configuration. For example:

```
load database mydb from "sybackup::SYBASE12.mydb.D.0.24312.20-12-2001.23:05:25 -SERV  
saturn"
```

- 8 Save and close the file.
- 9 Test the script you modified.

More information is available for how to test scripts.

See [Testing configuration settings for NetBackup for Sybase](#) on page 52.

NetBackup for Sybase environment variables

When a schedule runs, NetBackup sets environment variables for the scripts to use when performing the backup.

[Table 3-7](#) describes these environment variables.

Table 3-7 Environment variables

UNIX or Linux	Windows	Purpose
<code>\$\$SYBACKUP_SERVER</code>	<code>%SYBACKUP_SERVER%</code>	Name of the NetBackup server.
<code>\$\$SYBACKUP_POLICY</code>	<code>%SYBACKUP_POLICY%</code>	Name of the NetBackup policy.
<code>\$\$SYBACKUP_SCHED</code>	<code>%SYBACKUP_SCHED%</code>	Name of the Automatic Backup schedule.
<code>\$\$SYBACKUP_SCHEDULED</code>	<code>%SYBACKUP_SCHEDULED%</code>	Set to 1 if this is a scheduled backup (Automatic Backup).
<code>\$\$SYBACKUP_USER_INITIATED</code>	<code>%SYBACKUP_USER_INITIATED%</code>	Set to 1 if this is a user-initiated backup (Application Backup backup).

Note: The `$$SYBACKUP_POLICY` (`%SYBACKUP_POLICY%`) and `$$SYBACKUP_SCHED` (`%SYBACKUP_SCHED%`) variables are set only if the backup is initiated from the server, either automatically by the NetBackup scheduler or manually through the NetBackup Administration Console.

NetBackup for Sybase configuration or bp.conf file settings

When a NetBackup for Sybase on UNIX operation is initiated, NetBackup searches the configuration files for the policy, server, and schedule definitions in the following order:

- `$$SYBASE_HOME/bp.conf`
- `/usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf`

When a NetBackup for Sybase operation on Windows is initiated, NetBackup searches for the policy, server, and schedule definitions in the following order:

- `-SERV`, `-POLICY`, and `-SCHED` options on the Sybase `DUMP` command.
- NetBackup client configuration.
 To edit this configuration, choose **File > NetBackup Client Properties** and click on the **Backups** tab.

In case of conflicts, the order of precedence is as follows:

- Command line options
- Script variables
- Environment variables
- (UNIX clients) `$USER/bp.conf`
- `/usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf` (UNIX clients) or the NetBackup client configuration (Windows clients)
- Built-in variables

NetBackup uses a policy or schedule configured in the NetBackup client configuration for all backups on the client, including file system and Sybase database backups. For this reason, if a policy or schedule that is not a Sybase policy is configured in the NetBackup client configuration, use the `-POLICY` and `-SCHED` options on the Sybase `DUMP` command to specify the correct policy or schedule.

More information is available on how to specify a policy or schedule on the Sybase `DUMP` command.

See [“About the backup, restore, and load scripts for NetBackup for Sybase on Windows”](#) on page 37.

If NetBackup fails to find policy and schedule definitions, NetBackup for Sybase defaults to the first policy and schedule with the appropriate policy type.

The following topics explain how to enable the `bp.conf` files.

See [“Creating a `\$SYBASE_HOME/bp.conf` file on the UNIX client”](#) on page 47.

See [“Specifying options in `/usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf` on the UNIX client”](#) on page 48.

Creating a `$SYBASE_HOME/bp.conf` file on the UNIX client

You can create a `bp.conf` file and then use it to specify processing options. This ensures that NetBackup for Sybase uses the correct Sybase policy and schedule for your Sybase backups.

Note: NetBackup uses the `$SYBASE_HOME/bp.conf` file only for Sybase policies.

Configuring the logon account for the NetBackup Client Service for NetBackup for Sybase

To create a `$$SYBASE_HOME/bp.conf` file

- 1 Create a `bp.conf` file in your Sybase home directory.

For example, if `$$SYBASE_HOME` is `/sybase`, you create the following file:

```
/sybase/bp.conf
```

- 2 Define the policy and schedule in the `bp.conf` file.

Add the following parameters:

```
BPBACKUP_POLICY=policy_name
BPBACKUP_SCHEDULE=schedule_name
```

Where *policy_name* and *schedule_name* are as follows:

<i>policy_name</i>	Specify the name of the Sybase policy you want to use.
<i>schedule_name</i>	Specify the name of the Application Backup schedule you want to use.

Specifying options in `/usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf` on the UNIX client

The following procedure shows how to specify the Sybase home directory in the `bp.conf` file.

To specify files in `/usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf`

- ◆ Add a `$$SYBASE_HOME` option to the `/usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf` file on the client.

`$$SYBASE_HOME` must be your Sybase SQL Server home directory. For example, if `$$SYBASE_HOME` is equal to `/sybase`, add the following line to the `bp.conf` file:

```
$$SYBASE_HOME=/sybase
```

See [“NetBackup for Sybase configuration or bp.conf file settings”](#) on page 46.

Configuring the logon account for the NetBackup Client Service for NetBackup for Sybase

Because the NetBackup Client Service is started by default under the `SYSTEM` account, you also must give special attention to database user authentication. The

`SYSTEM` account does not have permission to connect to the target database if you use OS authentication instead of passwords.

If you use OS authentication, run the NetBackup client service under an account that has `SYSDBA` privileges.

To configure the logon account for the NetBackup Client Service for NetBackup for Sybase

- 1 Open the Windows Services application.
- 2 Double-click on the **NetBackup Client Service** entry.
- 3 Click on the **Log On** tab.
- 4 Type the account name with `SYSDBA` privileges.
- 5 Type the password.
- 6 Click **OK**.
- 7 Stop and start the NetBackup Client Service.
- 8 Close the Services control panel application.

About striped dumps and loads with NetBackup for Sybase

NetBackup for Sybase supports the Sybase backup server's ability to open multiple streams simultaneously to perform parallel dumps and loads. Before the dump or load can proceed, the following requirements must be met:

- All streams must be available simultaneously.
- The number of stripes specified during a load should match that of the dump.

See [“Example Sybase scripts for striped dumps and loads”](#) on page 49.

See [“NetBackup for Sybase multiplexing considerations - duplicating tapes”](#) on page 50.

See [“NetBackup for Sybase multiplexing considerations - using more than 12 stripes”](#) on page 50.

Example Sybase scripts for striped dumps and loads

The following is an example Sybase SQL backup script for a Sybase striped dump:

```
dump database mydb to "sybackup::"  
stripe on "sybackup::"
```

```
stripe on "sybackup::"  
go
```

The following is an example Sybase SQL load script for a Sybase striped load:

```
load database mydb from  
"sybackup::SYBASE11.mydb.D.0.27997.20-10-1997.10:55:52"  
stripe on "sybackup::SYBASE11.mydb.D.1.27999.20-10-1997.10:55:52"  
stripe on "sybackup::SYBASE11.mydb.D.2.28001.20-10-1997.10:55:52"  
go
```

NetBackup for Sybase multiplexing considerations - duplicating tapes

If you duplicate a tape with backup files on it that was created with Sybase striping and the NetBackup multiplex feature, make sure to use multiplexing when duplicating the tape.

Caution: NetBackup tape duplication must be performed with the multiplex option when Sybase striping and the NetBackup multiplex (MPX) feature are used for a Sybase backup. A problem occurs when multiple Sybase stripes are multiplexed to a single tape and then the tape is duplicated without using the `-mpx` option. The duplicated tape must be created with the `-mpx` option on the `bpduplicate` command. This is also accessible as the **Preserve multiplexing** checkbox on the Duplicate Backup Images window. In addition, all of the backups from the original Sybase multiplexing session must be included in the duplicated multiplexed group.

See ["NetBackup for Sybase multiplexing considerations - using more than 12 stripes"](#) on page 50.

See ["Example Sybase scripts for striped dumps and loads"](#) on page 49.

NetBackup for Sybase multiplexing considerations - using more than 12 stripes

If multiplexing striped Sybase database backups, you might require a special configuration to restore them. By default, when restoring from multiplexed backups, NetBackup uses twelve data buffers. This is enough unless you are using more than twelve stripes. If you are using more than 12 stripes, use the following procedure to increase the number of data buffers used by NetBackup.

To increase the amount of data buffers for a restore

- 1 On the master server, use a text editor to create one of the following files:

UNIX or Linux:

```
/usr/opensv/netbackup/db/config/NUMBER_DATA_BUFFERS_RESTORE
```

Windows:

```
install_path\NetBackup\db\config\NUMBER_DATA_BUFFERS_RESTORE
```

- 2 In the file, enter an integer to specify the number of buffers.

This number is the only entry in the file.

- 3 Save and close the file.

Make sure that editor does not save the file with any file extensions.

See [“NetBackup for Sybase multiplexing considerations - duplicating tapes”](#) on page 50.

See [“Example Sybase scripts for striped dumps and loads”](#) on page 49.

About permissions for NetBackup for Sybase log files (UNIX)

NetBackup uses the `/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs` directory tree not only for the recording of troubleshooting information, but for progress and communication updates to users and other NetBackup applications. Restrictive permissions on these directories can not only disable the collection of troubleshooting data, but also prevent the application itself from functioning correctly.

Back up and restore operations fail when permissions are too restrictive. We recommend that you make all of the `usr/opensv/netbackup/logs` directories and subdirectories readable and writeable by all users (777 permissions). However, security requirements may prohibit global read-write access. If so, you can restrict permissions of specific directories to a single group or user. You can restrict permissions in this way if the processes the group or a user runs initiate all backup and restore operations for that directory.

Check that the `/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/user_ops` directory tree has 777 permissions. The items in this directory need to be accessible for the applications to operate correctly.

Configuring the Maximum jobs per client

The following procedure shows how to set the **Maximum jobs per client** attribute.

To configure the maximum jobs per client

- 1 In the left pane of the NetBackup Administration Console, expand **NetBackup Management > Host Properties**.
- 2 Select **Master Server**.
- 3 In the right pane, double-click the server icon.
- 4 Click **Global Attributes**.
- 5 Change the **Maximum jobs per client** value to 99.

The **Maximum jobs per client** specifies the maximum number of concurrent backups that are allowed per client. The default is 1.

You can use the following formula to calculate a smaller value for the Maximum jobs per client setting:

Maximum jobs per client = *number_of_streams* X *number_of_policies*

Refer to the following definitions:

number_of_streams The number of backup streams between the database server and NetBackup. Each separate stream starts a new backup job on the client.

number_of_policies The number of policies of any type that can back up this client at the same time. This number can be greater than one. For example, a client can be in two policies to back up two different databases. These backup windows can overlap.

Note: Enter a large enough value for the **Maximum jobs per client** attribute to meet the number of jobs that Sybase runs. You may need to experiment with different values at your site.

Performing a manual backup

After you configure the servers and clients in your environment, you can test the configuration settings with a manual backup. Perform a manual backup (or backups) with the automatic backup schedules you created. A description of status codes and other troubleshooting information is available.

See the [NetBackup Status Codes Reference Guide](#).

See the [NetBackup Troubleshooting Guide](#).

To perform a manual backup

- 1 Log onto the master server as administrator (Windows) or root (UNIX).
- 2 Start the NetBackup Administration Console.
- 3 In the left pane, click **Policies**.
- 4 In the **All Policies** pane, select the policy you want to test.
- 5 Select **Actions > Manual Backup**.
- 6 Select the schedule that you want to use for the manual backup.
- 7 Select the clients that you want to include for the manual backup.
- 8 To check the status of the backup, click **Activity Monitor** in the NetBackup Administration Console.

The Activity Monitor and the script output indicate the status of the backup operation.

Using NetBackup for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [About using NetBackup for Sybase](#)
- [About Sybase database backups](#)
- [Browsing Sybase backups](#)
- [About restoring a Sybase database](#)

About using NetBackup for Sybase

You can use the NetBackup interfaces to start Sybase backups and restores after you complete the installation and configure NetBackup. You can also issue `DUMP` and `LOAD` commands directly from the `isql` utility to perform Sybase backups and restores.

Caution: Always specify the correct Sybase script when starting operations through NetBackup. NetBackup for Sybase does not generate an error if a restore script is used for a backup operation or a backup script is used for a restore operation.

See [“Using isql to restore a Sybase database”](#) on page 58.

About Sybase database backups

The following types of backups exist for Sybase:

- A full backup copies the entire database, including both the data and the transaction log. This is accomplished by performing a database dump.
- An incremental backup copies the transaction log that contains the database changes made since the last database or transaction log dump. You can run a transaction log dump only if the database stores its log on a separate segment.

Sybase backup strategy

One of the major tasks in developing a backup plan is to determine how often to back up your databases. The backup strategy in this section is an example. For guidelines on developing your own backup and recovery plan, refer to your Sybase documentation.

The frequency of your backups determines how much work you can restore in the event of a disaster. Dump each database immediately after you create it to provide a base point, and then dump it on a fixed schedule thereafter.

The following is an example database backup strategy:

- 1 Perform a full database backup by running a database dump every Friday night.
- 2 Back up your Sybase configuration files every Friday night at the same time as the full-database backup.

Sybase recommends that you save all the Sybase scripts. This includes the scripts that contain the `disk init`, `create database`, and `alter database` commands.

Sybase also recommends that you save a hard copy of your `sysdatabases`, `sysusages`, and `sysdevices` tables each time you issue one of these commands. In addition, keep a copy of the `syslogins`.

- 3 Perform an incremental backup each night by running a transaction log dump.

Automatic backups of a Sybase database

The most convenient way to back up your database is to set up schedules for automatic backups. When the NetBackup scheduler invokes a schedule for an automatic backup, the Sybase backup scripts are run in the same order as they appear in the file list. The scheduler tries to find each script, and it runs the scripts that it finds.

Information is available on how to initiate a manual backup of a Sybase policy.

Backing up a Sybase database manually

The following procedure shows you how to back up a database manually.

To back up a Sybase database manually

- 1 (Optional) Issue the Sybase `DBCC` command to check database consistency.
Database consistency is needed to ensure consistent and accurate backups. If the database is corrupt, use the `DUMP` command. The `DUMP` command can complete successfully even if the database is corrupt.
- 2 Log into the NetBackup master server as administrator (Windows) or `root` (UNIX).
- 3 Using the NetBackup Administration Console, manually run an automatic backup schedule for the Sybase policy.

More information is available on how to initiate a manual backup of a Sybase policy.

See [Testing configuration settings for NetBackup for Sybase](#) on page 52.

Performing a user-directed backup for Sybase

The following procedure shows you how to perform a user-directed backup.

To perform a user-directed backup

- 1 (Optional) Issue the Sybase `DBCC` command to check the database's consistency.
- 2 Issue the Sybase `DUMP` command from the `isql` utility on the client.
If the client name appears in one or more Sybase policies, the Default-Application-Schedule that NetBackup uses is the first policy in alphabetical order.

For example:

```
dump transaction mydb to "sybackup::"  
go
```

For information on the `isql` utility and the `DUMP` command, see your Sybase documentation.

Browsing Sybase backups

You can use the `bplist` command to browse the Sybase backup history on the master server. The result is the list of dump file names. The following example

`bplist` command searches all Sybase backups (dumps) for a client named `copper` on a server named `candytuft`:

UNIX and Linux:

```
root:<candytuft> % cd /usr/opensv/netbackup/bin
root:<candytuft> % bplist -S candytuft -C copper -t 7 -R /
/sybase1200.esam.T.0.22448.26-10-2001.13:45:17
/sybase1200.model.D.0.21182.26-10-2001.12:56:40
/sybase1200.model.D.0.20730.26-10-2001.12:42:04
/sybase1200.model.D.0.20932.26-10-2001.12:33:02
/sybase1200.master.D.1.20138.26-10-2001.07:25:57
/sybase1200.master.D.2.19620.26-10-2001.07:25:57
/sybase1200.master.D.3.20640.26-10-2001.07:25:57
/sybase1200.master.D.0.19888.26-10-2001.07:25:57
/sybase1200.model.D.0.19092.26-10-2001.07:18:14
/sybase1192.model.D.0.4172.25-10-2001.07:17:20
root:<candytuft> %
```

Windows:

```
C:\>cd pro*
C:\Program Files>cd ver*
C:\Program Files\Symantec>cd net*
C:\Program Files\Symantec\NetBackup>cd bin
C:\Program Files\Symantec\NetBackup\bin>bplist -S candytuft -C copper -t 7 -R \
/sybase1200.esam.T.0.22448.26-10-2001.13:45:17
/sybase1200.model.D.0.21182.26-10-2001.12:56:40
/sybase1200.model.D.0.20730.26-10-2001.12:42:04
/sybase1200.model.D.0.20932.26-10-2001.12:33:02
/sybase1200.master.D.1.20138.26-10-2001.07:25:57
/sybase1200.master.D.2.19620.26-10-2001.07:25:57
/sybase1200.master.D.3.20640.26-10-2001.07:25:57
/sybase1200.master.D.0.19888.26-10-2001.07:25:57
/sybase1200.model.D.0.19092.26-10-2001.07:18:14
/sybase1192.model.D.0.4172.25-10-2001.07:17:20
C:\Program Files\Symantec\NetBackup\bin>
```

The `-t 7` option on this command specifies the Sybase backups (dumps). The `-R` on this command specifies a recursive listing.

For more information on this command, see the `bplist(1M)` man page or NetBackup online help.

Note: NetBackup stores Sybase backups (dumps) in its catalog as *dumpfile*, but when you specify a backup for the `LOAD` command, you must use *dumpfile* without the slash `/`.

About restoring a Sybase database

The procedure for restoring a Sybase database depends on the database involved and the problems that you have on your system.

If the database and the device were lost, do the following:

- Initialize a new device.
- Re-create the database.

For information on how to restore your database in each of the preceding situations, see your Sybase documentation.

Using isql to restore a Sybase database

The steps required to recover a Sybase database depend on the database that is involved and the problem that you have on your system.

These steps can include the following:

- Using `buildmaster`, `installmaster`, and `installmodel` for system databases
- Re-creating database devices
- Re-creating databases
- Loading database dumps
- Applying transaction logs

For information on how to perform the preceding steps, see your Sybase documentation.

A load can take significantly longer than a dump. The time required to load a database depends on the overall number of pages in the database. The `load database` command loads all used pages from the dump into the target database and runs recovery of syslogs to ensure consistency. The load process initializes any unused pages.

You can load database and transaction dumps by manually submitting the Sybase `LOAD` command to SQL server (UNIX and Linux) or the `isql` utility on the client (Windows).

The `LOAD` command must include the appropriate dump file name. More information is available about how to edit the `LOAD` command with the correct dump file name.

Make sure to load the database dump and all of the transaction logs before bringing the database back online.

The following example shows you how to restore the database `mydb` to the level of a recent database dump plus two transaction log dumps:

- Execute the `LOAD` commands directly from SQL server.
This loads the database dump and transaction log dumps.
- Check database consistency.
When you have brought the database up-to-date, use `DBCC` commands to check the consistency of the database.

```
load database mydb from "sybackup::SYBASE.mydb.D.0.14693.12-12-1997.09:29:37 -SERV
saturn"
go
```

Configuring a redirected restore on the NetBackup for Sybase client

If you want to browse and restore a backup that another client performed, follow these steps:

To configure a redirected restore on the NetBackup for Sybase client on Windows

- 1 Ensure that the NetBackup server is configured to allow the redirected restore.
For information, see the [NetBackup Administrator's Guide, Volume I](#).
- 2 On Windows, specify the client name on the `LOAD` command with the `-CLIENT` option. For example, the following command specifies `saturn` as the client to browse:

```
load database mydb from "sybackup::SYBASE.mydb.D.0.14693.12-12-1997.09:28:37
-CLIENT saturn"
```

To configure a redirected restore on the NetBackup for Sybase client on UNIX or Linux

- 1 Ensure that the NetBackup server is configured to allow the redirected restore.
For information, see the [NetBackup Administrator's Guide, Volume I](#).
- 2 On UNIX or Linux, specify either of the following (if you specify both, NetBackup considers them in the order listed):

- Specify the client name on the Sybase `LOAD` command with the `-CLIENT` and `-SERV` option. For example, the following command specifies `saturn` as the client to browse:

```
load database mydb from "sybackup::SYBASE.mydb.D.0.14693.12-12-1997.09:28:37  
-SERV car -CLIENT saturn"  
go
```

- Specify the client name with the `CLIENT_NAME` option in the `$HOME/bp.conf` or `/usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf` file on the client. For example, the following command specifies `saturn` as the client to browse.

```
CLIENT_NAME=saturn
```

Troubleshooting NetBackup for Sybase

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [NetBackup debug logs and reports](#)
- [Sybase Backup Server log and messages](#)
- [Minimizing timeout failures on large database restores](#)
- [Minimizing the loading and unloading of tapes for database backups](#)
- [Delays in completion of backup jobs](#)

NetBackup debug logs and reports

The NetBackup server and client software let you enable detailed debugging logs. The information in these log files can help you troubleshoot the problems that occur outside of either the database agent or the Sybase backup server.

Note the following with regard to these logs:

- These logs do not reveal the errors that occur when Sybase backup server is running unless those errors also affect NetBackup. Sybase may (or may not) write errors in the application to the NetBackup logs. Your best sources for Sybase error information are the logs provided by Sybase.
- Generally, each debug log corresponds to a NetBackup process and executable.

Information about the debugging log files is available.

See the [NetBackup Troubleshooting Guide](#).

Also refer to the following file:

Windows: `install_path\NetBackup\logs\README.debug file`

UNIX: `/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/README.debug file`

Enabling the debug logs for a NetBackup for Sybase client automatically (Windows)

You can enable debug logging by running a batch file that creates each log directory. To create all log file directories automatically, run the following:

```
install_path\NetBackup\logs\mklogdir.bat
```

Or, you can manually create the directories for the log files you want created.

See [“Enabling the debug logs manually \(Windows\)”](#) on page 63.

Enabling the debug logs manually (Windows)

Creating the NetBackup for Sybase for Windows database agent logs manually

- 1 Create the following directories on the client in a DOS window:

```
install_path\NetBackup\logs\bpbackup
```

```
install_path\NetBackup\logs\bpbkar32
```

```
install_path\NetBackup\logs\bphdb
```

```
install_path\NetBackup\logs\bprestore
```

```
install_path\NetBackup\logs\tar32
```

```
install_path\NetBackup\logs\sybackup
```

For example:

```
cd install_path\NetBackup\logs
```

```
mkdir bphdb
```

- 2 Make sure there is share access to the log directories.
- 3 Enable logging for the `nbpem`, `nbjm`, and `nbrb` scheduling processes, which use unified logging.

NetBackup writes unified logs to *install_path*\NetBackup\logs.

You do not need to create log directories for processes that use unified logging. For information on how to use logs and reports, see the [NetBackup Troubleshooting Guide](#).

NetBackup for Sybase sends an informational message that specifies the dump file name to Sybase backup server.

Enabling the debug logs manually (UNIX)

To enable the debug logs manually

- 1 Create the following directories on the client:

```

/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/bpbackup
/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/bpbkar

/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/bphdb

/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/bprestore

/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/tar
/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/sybackup
chmod 777 /usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/sybackup

```

For example:

```

cd /usr/opensv/netbackup/logs
mkdir bphdb

```

- 2 The `user_ops`, each of the log directories, and any subdirectories should have 777 permissions. They must exist and be accessible for the applications to operate correctly.

For example:

```

chmod 777 bphdb

```

See [“About permissions for NetBackup for Sybase log files \(UNIX\)”](#) on page 51.

- 3 Enable logging for the `nbpem`, `nbjm`, and `nbrb` scheduling processes that use unified logging.

NetBackup writes unified logs to `/usr/opensv/logs`.

You do not need to create log directories for processes that use unified logging.

Information on how to use logs and reports is available.

See the [NetBackup Troubleshooting Guide](#).

- 4 If you create a debug log directory on the client, NetBackup for Sybase records the dump file name in the resulting debug log.

The debug log directory that you can create is as follows:

```

/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/sybackup

```

NetBackup for Sybase sends an informational message that specifies the dump file name to Sybase backup server.

About the bphdb directory on the Windows database client

The `install_path\NetBackup\logs\bphdb` directory contains log files.

The following types of logs exist:

- `sybase_stdout.mmdyy.hhmmss.txt`

Unless it is redirected elsewhere, NetBackup writes Sybase script output to this file.

- `sybase_stderr.log.mmdyy.hhmmss.txt`

Unless it is redirected elsewhere, NetBackup writes Sybase script errors to this file.

- `log.mmdyy.log`

This log contains debugging information for the `bphdb` process. `bphdb` is the NetBackup database backup binary. It is invoked when an automatic backup schedule is run. NetBackup for Sybase uses this client process for Sybase script execution.

About the bphdb directory on the UNIX database client

The `/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/bphdb` directory contains logs.

The following types of logs exist:

- `sybase_stdout.mmdyy`

Unless it is redirected elsewhere, NetBackup writes Sybase script output to this file.

- `sybase_stderr.mmdyy`

Unless it is redirected elsewhere, NetBackup writes Sybase script errors to this file.

- `log.mmdyy`

This log contains debugging information for the `bphdb` process. `bphdb` is the NetBackup database backup binary. It is invoked when an automatic backup schedule is run. NetBackup for Sybase uses this client process for Sybase script execution.

About the sybackup directory on the UNIX database client

The `/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/sybackup` directory contains execution logs.

The following execution log exists:

- `log.mmdyy`

This log contains debugging information and execution status for the NetBackup for Sybase client process.

About the sybackup directory on the Windows database client

The `install_path\NetBackup\logs\sybackup` directory contains execution logs, as follows:

`log.mmdyy.log`

This log contains debugging information and execution status for the Sybase NetBackup client processes program provided with NetBackup for Sybase.

Setting the debug level on a Windows client

To control the amount of information that is written to the debug logs, change the Database debug level. Typically, the default value of 0 is sufficient. However, technical support may ask you to set the value higher to analyze a problem.

The debug logs are located in `install_path\NetBackup\logs`.

To set the debug level on a Windows client

- 1 Open the **Backup, Archive, and Restore** interface.
- 2 Select **File > NetBackup Client Properties**.
- 3 Click the **Troubleshooting** tab.
- 4 Set the **General** debug level.
- 5 Set the **Verbose** debug level.
- 6 Set the **Database** debug level.
- 7 Click **OK** to save your changes.

Setting the debug level on a UNIX client

To control the amount of information that is written to the debug logs, change the “Database” debug level. Typically, the default value of 0 is sufficient. However, Technical Support may ask you to set the value higher to analyze a problem.

The debug logs are located in `/usr/opensv/netbackup/logs`.

To set the debug level on a UNIX client

- ◆ Enter the following line in the `bp.conf` file.

```
VERBOSE = X
```

Where *X* is the debug level you want.

About NetBackup server reports

NetBackup provides other reports that are useful in isolating problems. One such report is All Logs Entries on the server. Information on server reports is available.

See the [NetBackup Administrator's Guide, Volume I](#).

Sybase Backup Server log and messages

The Sybase Backup Server log provides information on the Sybase Backup Server part of the operation. The database administrator can check this log to determine the ultimate success or failure of the database backups and restores.

The server log contains the following information.

Table 5-1 Sybase Backup Server log information

Server log information	Description
DUMP and LOAD progress messages	<p>Sybase Backup Server sends its dump and load progress messages to the client that initiated the dump or load request. NetBackup for Sybase writes NetBackup for Sybase progress messages to the following file, if the parent directory exists:</p> <pre> /usr/opensv/netbackup/logs/bphdb/ sybase_stdout.mmddyy.hhmmss.txt install_path\NetBackup\logs\bphdb\ sybase_stdout.mmddyy.hhmmss.txt </pre>

Table 5-1 Sybase Backup Server log information (*continued*)

Server log information	Description
Error logging	<p>Sybase Backup Server performs its own error logging in the file that you specify when you configure Sybase Backup Server. For more information on this file, see your Sybase documentation.</p> <p>Informational and error messages sent to the Sybase Backup Server log file include messages from the Archive API. You can enable detailed diagnostic tracing for the Archive API by specifying the <code>-DTRACEIO</code> option on the <code>backup server</code> command line.</p> <p>Note: To determine successful status of <code>DUMP</code> and <code>LOAD</code> commands, always check Sybase Backup Server messages and logs.</p> <p>The following Sybase Backup Server message log indicates successful <code>DUMP</code> command completion:</p> <pre>Backup Server: 3.43.1.1: Dump phase number 1 completed. Backup Server: 3.43.1.1: Dump phase number 2 completed. Backup Server: 4.58.1.1: Database model: 238 kilobytes DUMPed. Backup Server: 3.43.1.1: Dump phase number 3 completed. Backup Server: 4.58.1.1: Database model: 242 kilobytes DUMPed. Backup Server: 3.42.1.1: DUMP is complete (database model).</pre>

Minimizing timeout failures on large database restores

Large database restores sometimes fail when multiple restore sessions compete for resources. In this situation, a restore session can be delayed while waiting for media or device access. If the delay is too long, the restore session times out. Use the following procedure to minimize session timeouts and to allow the restores to complete successfully.

To minimize timeout failures on large database restores

- 1 In the NetBackup Administration Console, expand **NetBackup Management > Host Properties > Clients**.
- 2 Double-click the client.
- 3 Select the **Timeouts** properties.

- 4 Set the **Client read timeout** property to a large value.

The default for the **Client read timeout** setting is 300 seconds (5 minutes). For database agent clients, increase the value significantly from the recommended value.

See the [NetBackup Administrator's Guide, Volume 1](#).

For example, change this setting to 30-60 minutes to minimize timeout errors.

- 5 Click **OK** for each client.

Note: This change may delay detecting problems during subsequent backups. Consider putting the original value back in place once any restore that requires a change is complete.

Minimizing the loading and unloading of tapes for database backups

You can minimize excessive unloading and reloading of tapes between multistreamed database backups by changing the media settings for the master or the media server.

See the [NetBackup Administration Guide, Volume 1](#) for details.

To minimize loading and unloading of tapes

- 1 Open the NetBackup Administration Console.
- 2 Choose **Host Properties**.
- 3 Choose **Master Servers** or **Media Servers**.
- 4 Double-click on the name of the server.
- 5 In the left pane, click **Media**.
- 6 Configure the following settings:
 - **Media unmount delay**
 - **Media request delay**
 Use this variable only with non-robotic drives, such as tape stackers.

Delays in completion of backup jobs

Sometimes you may see a NetBackup for Sybase backup job complete the data transfer but appear to hang before the job completes. The delay may be due to one of the following:

- Network issues
- Storage transfer delays
- NetBackup server post-backup processing

To determine the cause of the delay, refer to the following article:

<http://www.symantec.com/docs/TECH198864>

Index

A

- API
 - diagnosis tracking 68
 - Remote Sybase Backup Server 14
 - Sybase Backup Server archive API 13
- application backup schedule
 - configuring 24
 - overview 24, 26
 - retention 24
- automatic backup
 - create scripts 31, 37
 - policy 55
 - schedule
 - name 46
 - specify correct script 54
- automatic backup schedules 25
 - configuring 25
 - overview 26

B

- backup
 - automatic 52
 - manual 52
- backup media required 16
- Backup Selections list
 - adding selections 29–30
 - overview 28
- backups
 - automatic
 - configure scripts 31, 37
 - using scripts 55
 - catalog 13
 - full 54
 - incremental 54
 - restoring database backups 58
 - sequence of operation 13
 - strategy 55
 - user directed with isql 56
- backupserver command 68
- bp.conf
 - BPBACKUP_POLICY 47

- bp.conf (*continued*)
 - BPBACKUP_SCHEDULE 47
 - NetBackup policy 46
 - NetBackup schedule 46
 - Sybase home directory 47
 - SYBASE_HOME option 48
- bpbackup command 14
- bphdb
 - process 13
- bphdb log
 - UNIX 65
 - Windows 65
- bplist command 57
- bprestore command 14
- browsing backups 57

C

- client read timeout property 69
- clients list, for backup policies 27
- commands
 - backupserver 68
 - bpbackup 14
 - bplist 57
 - bprestore 14
 - DUMP 68
 - LOAD 68
- compatibility information 16
- configuration
 - bp.conf file 46
 - database user authentication 49
 - environment variables 45
 - LOAD command 44–45
 - striped dumps and loads 49

D

- daemons
 - scheduling processes 64
- data buffers 50
- debug logs
 - debug level 66
 - enabling 61–62

- debug logs (*continued*)
 - in /usr/opensv/netbackup/logs 64
 - in install_path\NetBackup\bslogs 63
 - troubleshooting with log files 61
- diagnosis tracking 68
- directory
 - bphdb for error messages 67
 - SYBASE_HOME 48
- DUMP command
 - dump-device string 13
 - executing 56
 - function on servers 12
- dump image 12–13
- dump-device string 13

E

- environment variables 45
- error
 - logging 68
 - messages 68
 - script name 31, 37
- examples of script files 30, 37

I

- image dump 12–13
- informational messages 68
- installation
 - adding a license key 18
 - prerequisites for clusters 17
 - requirements for NetBackup clients 17
 - requirements for NetBackup servers 16
- instances, adding 19
- isql utility
 - role in backup script use 13–14
 - role in user-directed backups 56
 - Sybase script 30, 37

L

- license keys 18
- LOAD command
 - dump-device string 13
 - executing 56
 - function on servers 12
 - in scripts 44
 - modifying 44–45
- log files
 - Sybase Backup Server 67

M

- maximum jobs per client 52
- Media Manager
 - data buffers 50
- messages 67
- multi-streamed backups 69
- multiple copies feature 27
- multiplexing
 - considerations when duplicating tapes 50
 - overview 10

N

- nbjm scheduling process 64
- nbpem scheduling process 64
- nbrb scheduling process 64
- NetBackup Client Service logon account,
 - configuring 48
- NetBackup server LOAD command 45

P

- parallel operations 14
- policy
 - bp.conf 46
 - for other Sybase files 55
- policy configuration
 - adding clients 28
 - attributes 23
 - backup selections list 28
 - for databases 22
 - overview 21
 - schedules 23
 - testing 52
- Preserve Multiplexing option 50
- processes
 - scheduling (nbpem, nbjm). See nbrb
- progress message file 67

R

- redirected restore 59
- Remote Sybase Backup Server 14
- reports 61
 - See *also* log files
 - All Log Entries report 67
 - NetBackup server reports 67
- restore
 - procedure 58
 - redirected 59

robust logging 64

S

schedule

- automatic backup 55
- bp.conf 46
- LOAD command 44–45

schedules

- adding 23
- frequency 26
- properties 26
- types of schedules 23

scripts

- backup 31, 37
- customize 31
- definition 11
- example 30, 37
- example script files 30, 37
- restore 35, 42, 45
- scheduler 55
- sequence of operation 13
- sybase_mydb_backup 30–31, 37
- sybase_mydb_load 30, 37, 44
- sybase_mydb_restore 30, 35, 37, 42
- type of operation 30, 37
- usage caution 31, 37, 54

SQL Server 11

striping

- backups 50
- enabling striped dumps and loads 22

Sybase

- home path 19
- SQL script 11

Sybase Backup Server

- API 13
- backup-catalog feature 13
- description 12
- DUMP and LOAD progress messages 67
- dump-file name 64
- error logging 68
- example message log 68
- interaction with SQL Server 11
- NetBackup backup 14
- parallel dumps and loads 49
- using scripts 30, 37

Sybase backup server

- dump-file name 63

sybase_mydb_backup script 30–31, 37

sybase_mydb_load script 30, 37, 44

sybase_mydb_restore script 30, 35, 37, 42

sysdatabases 55

sysdevices tables 55

syslogins 55

sysusages 55

T

tape duplication 50

testing policy configuration 52

timeout failures

- minimizing 68

U

unified logging 63–64